Bellefonte Republican.

Established in 1869.} "Let us see to it that a Government, of the People, for the People, and by the People, shall not perish from the Earth."---A. LINCOLN. {Terms: $2.00 per annum

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Bellefonte Republican.

By EDWARD T. TUTEN.

TO CORRESPONDENTS.—No communications published unless accompanied by the real name of the writer.

Correspondents should write upon but one side of the paper, and avoid the use of pale or fancy inks.

REPUBLICAN STATE TICKET.

GOVERNOR,
JAMES A. BEAVER, of Centre county.

LIEUTENANT GOVERNOR,
W. T. DAVIES, of Bradford county.

JUDGE OF SUPREME COURT,
WILLIAM HENRY RAWLE, of Phila.

SECRETARY OF INTERNAL AFFAIRS,
JOHN M. GREER, of Butler county.

CONGRESSMAN-AT-LARGE,
MARRIOTT BROSIUS, of Lancaster.

EDITORIAL BRIEFS.

VOTERS should see that they are registered and that their taxes are paid.

THE effect of the failure of Congress to repeal the tax on matches has been to occasion an advance in the price of those indispensable articles.

STRANGE as it may appear, it is generally admitted that the Delaware peach crop is a heavy one, and that nearly five millions of baskets will be gathered.

EVEN little Greece seems to have caught the war fever, and to be becoming bellicose. It has not much money to spare, but the government has deemed it necessary to arrange for the construction of war vessels at a contemplated cost of about eight million dollars, which is a good deal more money than Congress has seen fit to devote to the building of new ships for the American navy.

THE August crop reports of the Department of Agriculture show an improved condition of cotton and corn, and that the wheat not yet harvested is in better condition than it has been for several years. Tobacco is fair, barley and buckwheat very good, and oats, rye and potatoes excellent. This is gratifying news, and with the announcement of crop failures abroad, promise for us a year of both plenty and profit.

THE arrival of nearly eight hundred thousand emigrants during the last fiscal year—an increase of nearly two hundred thousand over the influx of the previous year—is a matter suggesting grave considerations. No other country ever yet had such a human tide of ready-made laboring muscle poured into it, and it is doubtful whether this country, great as it is, can continue to endure such a strain. The time is evidently at hand when the emigrant question will be salient topic.

NO ONE will be surprised to hear that one of Garibaldi's sons is engaged in organizing a company of volunteers to cooperate with Arabi Bey in his alleged attempt to achieve the independence of Egypt. That is nothing more than was to be expected from a Garibaldi. But the proceeding will only serve further to complicate the situation, without doing any good whatever. It will certainly not improve the already strained relations between Italy and and Great Britain, and may lead to a dangerous interchange of communications.

IT WOULD be extraordinary, indeed, if the Italian newspapers did not display a spirit of hostility toward England. Italy owes her first breath of unity to England, and, like all ingrates, she hates her benefactor. She hated France just as bitterly, after thousands of French lives had been laid down on the fields of Solfereno and Magenta. Italy cannot bear to think of anything going on in Europe without a slice of territory coming to her—hence her hatred of England and her policy of thwarting English designs in Egypt.

The Honest Man.

In spite of his rheumatic extremities the Democratic Rip Van Winkle is actually trying to dance, and makes about as graceful a figure as the ordinary dancing bear. The reason for this unusual rattling of the dry bones is to be found in the supposition that after using as much time and trouble as Barnum to secure Jumbo, they have at last secured an honest man, and his name is Pattison. We have not been informed in what Mr. Pattison's honesty consists. The Democracy cannot surely be so self-condemnatory as to make all this fuss over a man who simply has not been convicted of stealing, so we must perforce look for the honest man's claim to that title in another direction. Perhaps it consists in loyalty to those humorous myths called Democratic principles, and if so we must congratulate that party on its remarkably bad memory, as Mr. Pattison merely from a feeling of personal pique opposed and defected the Regular Democratic nominee for councils in the sixteenth ward, when said nominee was a man altogether unobjectionable to the party, and of undoubtedly good character. We always knew that the Democracy had a bad memory, but we did not know that it could so readily forget an insult of that description, much less Mr. Pattison's opposition to Gen'l Hancock, probably because he, like Beaver, was a Union soldier. But perhaps his honesty consists in his manly independence. If mere personal conceit were taken into consideration Mr. Pattison is undoubtedly independent, for his character is as barren of humility as a Kamtschatka iceberg is of hen feathers; but if by independence is meant freedom from prejudicial manipulation his present position reminds us forcibly of the story of the monkey and the cat. The monkey held the cat firmly, while he used her paw to get the chestnuts out of the fire, and though the cat mewed a little of course, she was independent. Now Pattison is honestly independent in the same sense. There are senatorial chestnuts roasting and a certain monkey needs a certain cat's paw to get them out of the fire and the only difference between the story and the fact is that the cat is like Barkis, "willin'," and the monkey will only have to supervise, not to hold. Now we are sorry to have to use the terms cat and monkey, even to political foes, but if Æsop will furnish us with such pat illustrations, we are certainly not responsible, so Messrs. Cassidy and Pattison, you must take it out on the hump-backed old Greek. He's dead it is true, but that doesn't matter: write an article on him and damage his reputation with posterity as Ovid did for Sappho. What amuses us is that you expect Republicans to throw water on the fire and thus make the task easy, but the signs are that you labor under a most wonderful delusion, as with every day the spirit of loyalty to the regular Republican organization is on the increase and the feeling is growing that two years hence will be time enough to try Cameron's claim to continue in his present office. Mr. Pattison is therefore neither honestly loyal, nor honestly independent, so we must return to the proposition originally advanced that his honesty consists in the supposition that he never robbed the public exchequer. Why, it would be as hard to find in the Republican ranks a man who would do such a thing as it has been for the Democrats to discover one who has not, and it is certainly a very poor advertisement of its past honor and still less of its good sense to herald so loudly and persistently as a rare virtue what the Republicans deem the plainest act of duty. There is one thing, however, for which we must give Mr. Pattison credit, namely, an honest appetite for office. No Scotchman in the Court of James the First ever had a greater ambition for place holding than this insatiate Marylander, but it is very certain that the Governorship of Pennsylvania will not drop into his greedy hand, and that the chestnuts are reserved for a better man.

The Bloody Shirt.

The time has again arrived for the hardhearted Republicans to wave the bloody-shirt. They know that nothing so displeases a sensitive Democrat and yet in spite of prayers and threats they continue to wave it; for what is a bug-bear and bitter memory to them is the banner of God's salvation to every honest, loyal Republican. And why should the Republican party cease to wave the bloody-shirt! Because it is told to do so by the Democrats? No! When the children of Israel were bidden to sprinkle blood upon the door-posts and lintels that the Destroying Angel might see it and pass by, and when that bitter wail went up from Egyptian homes bereft of the first-born, and only those were saved where blood appeared, do you think the Jews would be in a hurry to erase this evidence of their obedience, this sign of their salvation at the bidding of those who had so grievously oppressed them? They would leave it there and point it out to their children and tell them to render God implicit obedience and faithful service. So this bloody-shirt of ours is an emblem of the nation's salvation, a thing too sacred to be buried, too holy to be forgotten. It has in it inspiration for generations yet unborn, and is the oriflamme under which the Republican party shall be led from victory up to victory, as long as its loyalty shall be remembered and its disinterested courage held in honor. If the Democrats do not wish the bloody-shirt waved in the coming contest in Pennsylvania, let them give General Beaver back the limb he lost on the field of blood and glory. As often as he shall stand before the people and voice the great principles of the party that has honored him with his confidence, so often will that wooden leg have a double eloqence. It will lead the thoughts of his hearers back to the day when the bloody foam of the sea of battle was dashed on the doorsteps of your Pennsylvania homes, and the thunder of three hundred cannon shook your hills and every movement of the man will brand with deeper shame the party which aimed to put asunder what God and the Constitution had joined together. If the Democrats do not want the bloody shirt waved, let them restore to health the pale and sickly men who contracted fatal diseases on the southern battle fields, and who drag along cheerless lives of pain and privation. Let them go to the graves, to the swamps of Chickahominy, the tangled wildwood of the wilderness, the ominous rows in the cemetery at Gettysburg, to sylvan nooks in many a country church yard, and cry, Come forth! Come forth! and if the dead answer and earth trembles in the parturition of re-born men, and the places that knew them once know them again, there is still another task for the Democrats to perform. Go to the mothers who have sorrowed these long years, to the wives who have faded under the wrench of the dearest earthly tie, to the children whose lives have been darkened by loss and privation, and offer balm for their heart wounds and salve for their bitter pain, and when all this is done another duty awaits you. Blot out the National debt from existence, pay it dollar for dollar from your own pockets and return to the rest of your countrymen the sums they have been obliged to spend in taxes rendered necessary by your treason; and when you have done all this, when every wound is healed and every cent paid, then we will cease to wave the bloody shirt, but until then it is our duty to wave it and we shall not shrink from the task.

Better than the Average.

The first session of the Forty-seventh congress adjourned on Tuesday. There was much to object to in the conduct of its members, but it compares favorably with the Democratic congresses and the people can turn from the past to the present with a feeling of relief. The passage of the River and Harbor bill over the President's veto was a mistake, but even this was not half so bad as the passage of the Silver bill over the President's veto by a Democratic House. The last House had its weak side and its blunders, but none of them precipitated a panic as the Funding bill of the last Democratic House did, nor has it as the same body did, corruptly voted a vast sum to the Star Route ring, whose members are now on trial, and whose acts, whose plans and whose plunder were as well known when Brady got his enormous deficiency appropriation by Democratic votes in 1879, as now.

Its crowning blunder was the passage of the River and Harbor bill. For this act no excuse exists. But after admitting the extravagance of this congress and remembering that three fourths of its additions to the national expenditures are not its own, but due to the Arrears of Pensions, there still remains its actual work. A Congress which has first legislated effectively for the Utah plague, settled the Chinese question for ten years, reorganized the National banks, put the Treasury reserve on a gold basis, passed a Refunding bill,, taken the first step in tariff revision, and a longer one than any eight Democratic sessions took --parceled out of the Geneva award and began Mississippi improvements has done something. The Senate has passed an electoral bill and provided for stopping silver coinage, the House has thrown off a lot of small taxes, and ordered the return of the Japanese idemnity--all more at each point than any Congress has done for eight years on these subjects.

If the present Congress, in spite of the work it has done, is severely and justly condemned, it is because the standard of public service is rising, and in the absence of strong party spirit, neither party can neglect public interests without swift condemnation unallayed by partisan support or prejudice.

Better Times Ahead.

With abundant crops of all kinds and the rapid decline in breadstuffs which has taken place day by day for more than a week past in Chicago and other Western produce centers, the prospect for cheaper food is very flattering, and will doubtless be speedily realized. It is true that an effort is being made to prevent a further decline by the claim that the farmers are inclined to store their crops rather than to send them to market at the present prices, but this is doubtless one of the many devices of the speculators to enable them to unload the stock on hand, before the bulk of the new and abundant crop begins to leave the producer's hands. Even should the producer be inclined to hold, as the dealers claim they are, there is scarcely any likelihood of prices reacting or reaching a higher point than that at which they are now. On the contrary, they are almost certain to go lower. If any considerable proportion of this year's crop should be held by farmers, the tendency will be to feed the grain to the stock, which will be to make meat not only more plenty but much better than it has been since grain was too dear to feed it with profit. Whether producers are, or intend, holding grain on account of the present low prices, the fact is that grain in Chicago, within the last few days, has touched lower prices than at any time within the past eighteen months, and there is no present prospect of a reaction, which of itself is encouraging news to the consumers, who have been at the mercy of the speculators so long. The facilities for transportation, which are constantly on the increase, and the prospect of a European war, will tend to increase our exports, but the abundant crops are sufficient for any foreign demand for our bread-stuffs that is at all likely to occur, and to leave an ample supply for home consumption without enhancing present prices, and our people who have heretofore been the prey of speculators can with reasonable certainty look forward to cheaper provisions and better times ahead, which is "a consummation devoutly to be wished."

He Will be Elected.

Although there are four or five State tickets in the field this year, every sensible man knows that the choice for Governor lies between Gen. Beaver, the candidate of the Republicans, and Controller Pattison, the candidate of the Democrats. The other tickets, labelled as "Independents," "Greenback-National," and "Temperance Prohibition," will only poll a few "scattering" votes—probably not enough, all combined, to affect the general result. Every Republican who votes for Stewart throws his vote away as effectually as if he voted for the Greenback or Prohibition candidate. The so-called "Independent," having rejected the liberal overtures made by the Republican organization, Republicans have made up their minds that they will fight the battle against their old enemy, the Democrats, and win an old-fashioned victory in November without any help from the would-be wreckers, and in spite of their odd position. Gen. Beaver says he is going to be elected, and he will be. Republicans say they are going to elect Gen. Beaver and they mean to do it. Republican Pennsylvania is not going back upon a one-legged soldier, who before the campaign closes will make it plain to every citizen that he combines qualifications for the high office not possessed by any candidate of either party for the last twenty years.

AN agreement has been reached between our Government and that of Mexico by which hostile Indians may be pursued within certain limits across the boundary of either country. This is a sensible agreement, and is an evidence of the better understanding now existing between the two Republics. There was no one profited by the mutual jealousy with which the artificial boundary line was regarded except the savage Indians, who were enabled by means of it to rob and murder on both sides and go unpunished.

THE immigration to this country of the Russian Hebrews seems to have been as great a failure as the freight-handlers' strike. The society in New York organized for their assistance has now about four hundred of them upon their hands, who either cannot or will not work, and who are clamoring for a free passage eastward across the Atlantic. They will probably be accommodated, for that is the easiest way out of the embarrassment which their helplessness and dependence occasion.

YOUNG PERRY BELMONT will spend his vacation in the Yellowstone country, in company with Senator Bayard, shooting buffalo.

The Future of the Head.

Abundant hair is not a sign of bodily or mental strength, the story of Samson having given rise to the notion that hairy men are strong physically, while the fact is that Chinese, who are the most enduring of all races, are mostly bald, and as to the supposition that long and thick hair is a sign of intellectuality, all antiquity, all madhouses and all common observation are against it. The easily wheedled Esau was hairy. The mighty Cæsar was bald. Long-haired men are generally weak and fanatical, and men with scant hair are the philosophers and soldiers and statesmen of the world.—*London Lancet.*

Miss Ann R. Key is summering in Egypt, and will go to Ireland in the fall.—*Courier-Journal.*

GENERAL NOTES.

THE singing of a burlesque hymn in a London theatre, intended to ridicule the Salvation Army, was furiously hissed by the audience.

EXPERIMENTS at a cost of $36,000 are being made at Berne with a view to traction through the St. Gothard tunnel by means of electricity.

THE Italian Government will open a gallery of modern art in October, and $20,000 a year will be devoted to the purchase of new pictures.

AN old landlord says that not more than half of the summer hotels will escape loss this season, nor more than one in five yield a profit.

A PRETTY girl of 18, neat in dress and polite in manner, is a bootblack in Galveston. She has a chair at a street corner, and makes $3 to $6 a day.

ABOUT 50 cases of yellow fever were reported as existing in Brownville, Texas, on Saturday, and the disease was spreading. One death had occurred.

TWO CIRCULAR saws had an encounter in a Saginaw mill, and they knocked each other's teeth out so furiously that men were cut by flying bits of steel.

ON A Denver man's door was chalked, "The handsomest man in Colorado lives here," and the writer of it has been sued for damages because it was intense sarcasm.

THE Mexican National railway was completed to Sabinas, twenty miles from Monterey, on Thursday, and the telegraph lines of the same company were completed to Monterey.

THE Sprague mills, in Augusta, Me., were sold at auction on Thursday for $151,050. The property was purchased by a syndicate company of Boston and Augusta capitalists.

AN actor who resembles the late Artemus Ward, and can mimic his manner, is to exhibit the panorama of "Among the Mormons," in London, and deliver the original lecture.

ALEXANDER SALVINI, the second son of the great Italian tragedian, will appear in Chicago this month in the character of *Romeo*. He has already done a little acting, but in trivial parts.

THE freak of a Chicago police Sergeant was to arrest a lady and gentlemen who had come to complain of an insulting patrolman, and kept them in a cell all night. For that he loses his place.

NATHANIEL BAKER of Lawrence, MASS., is a man who has fought and bled for his country and doesn't want a pension. For conscience' sake, he asks that his name be stricken from the pension list.

TEXAS has 50,000 acres of school land rapidly appreciating in value, and worth probably $100,000,000, and is expected to have in the not distant future a school fund of a quarter of a million of dollars.

THEY mobbed the widower who, at Waterloo, Iowa, while erecting only a pine-slab over his wife's grave, presented a handsome piano to the girl who had been very kind to him during his sad affliction.

THE London comedian, Lionel Brough, was engaged to come to America in support of Mrs. Langtry, but she objected to his name being printed as big as hers in the advertisements, while he insisted on it, and hence he will not come.

AT A MEETING of tanners in Louisville, Ky., held on Saturday, it was resolved that owing to the high price of hides and tanning materials, leather cannot be made without loss at present prices, and it was decided to advance prices on leather from that date.

THE marriage of McCarnahan and Miss Burnham was forbidden by the girl's father at Paris, Ill. She escaped from the house in the night, walked eight miles to a telegraph office, and sent a message to her lover to come to her. But he, less resolute, had committed suicide.

LORD CHARLES BERESFORD, prominent in the British attack on Alexandria, is one of the handsomest men of the English aristocracy, and has had no reputation as a warrior. It was supposed that "Lord Charley" was more interested in fine horses than in gunboats and fort-capturing.

GOVERNOR William T. Hamilton, Maryland is again ill, as the result of overwork. At Annapolis, the State capitol, it is said, it is midnight when he goes to bed and dawn when he gets up. At home his hands are full of private business. He is going this week to Saratoga for a rest.

THE Chinese laundrymen of Philadelphia have combined to resist persecution, and have created a fund for expenses, as indicated by the following notice posted on the front of each shop: "Ten dollars will be paid for the arrest of any fellow that throws dead cats or dogs or bricks into this laundry."

A TELEGRAM from Victoria, British Columbia, says that a large influx of Chinese is feared there, in consequence of the anti-Chinese law going into force in the United States. Several vessels have sailed from Hong Kong for American ports, but their destinations have been changed to Victoria.

THE Webster Historical Society will hold its meeting in Marshfield, Mass., in memory of Daniel Webster, on the 6th of September should President Arthur's engagements permit him to be present at that time, it being asserted that he has made known his desire to take part in the doings of the day.

ARCHBISHOP LYNCH has returned to Toronto from a European tour. He says the vacant archbishopric of Halifax will not be filled for several months to come. During Archbishop Lynch's trip he was presented at the English court as a prelate of the Roman Catholic church—a presentation without precedent for two centuries.

MEMORIAL HALL, erected by Philadelphia for the Exhibition of 1876 at the cost of $1,500,000, and intended to stand as a reminder of that event, is serving the latter purpose by requiring very extensive repairs. The roof cannot hold itself up much longer, and other parts of the pretentious structure are falling to ruin.

Poetry.

—While they sat before the fire,
Nothing more did he desire,
Than to get a little nigher,
If he could;
And his heart beat higher and higher,
And her look grew shyer and shyer,
When he sided up close by her,
As he should.

Then he ventured to inquire
If her sister, Jane Mariar,
And her mother and her sire
Were quite well?
And from time to time he'd eye her,
As though he would like to buy her,
And his bashfulness was dire,
For a spell.

Then his husky throat grew dryer.
When he told her that the 'Squire
To himself would gladly tie her
If she would;
Might he now go ask her sire?
And he thought he would expire,
When she said, to his desire,
That he could!

—*Burlington Hawkeye.*

—A certain young maid named Mariah
Conceived a tremendous desiah
To try her own plan,
With a coal-oil can,
In augmenting the blaze of the fiah.

The result wasn't what she intended,
And the stove will have to be mended;
For something exploded—
Didn't know it was loaded.
The funeral was largely attended.

Baltimore American.

—There was in the State of Ohiah
A maiden named Helen Maria,
Who ever would sail
Down a banister rail
When she thought there was nobody nigh her.
Now her brother, whose name was Josiar,
Fixed the rail with a piece of barbed wiar;
But it wouldn't be best
To tell you the rest,
For we're blushing already like fiar.

—Ben Le Fevre.

—Farewell July, with thy long sunny hours,
Thy heat like the tropics and beauteous flowers,
Thy picnic excursions and freedom from showers,
When nothing but bliss was thy portion; and ours
Was to enjoy thy rich gifts to men—
Farewell, July, 'till thou comest again.

—A mischievous boy of Port Jackson
His grandfather's cushion put tacks on;
Then feigned great surprise
At seeing him rise
And hearing his fierce Anglo-Saxon.

Our Story Teller.

A Bachelor's Dilemma.

"He would have passed a pleasant life of it, in despite of the devil and all his works, had not his path been crossed by a being that causes more perplexity to moral man than ghost, goblin, or the whole race of witches, and that was—a woman."—WASHINGTON IRVING.

Rex Pendleton quoted the above lines with more vigor and emphasis than was really necessary, as he gave his friend Victor Graham's hand a parting shake and boarded the stage that was to convey him over forty miles of rough, jolting, mountainous districts of Madam Delaplaine's seminary for young ladies—a lonely, isolated place far removed from the haunts of men, lodged in the heart of the New Hampshire mountains.

"What in Heaven's name shall I do with her?" quoth Rex, revolving the ponderous conundrum over in his mind. If it had been a steamboat, a saw-mill, or a whole menageric of animals, including a rhinoceros, hippopotamus, polar bear, and elephants, he could have seen his way clear in disposing of them somehow; but this question, "What should he do with her?" seemed as easy to settle as to put the camel through the needle's eye.

Yet the cause of all his query was only a pretty, brown-eyed girl of eighteen.

With a grim face Rex Pendleton drew from his pocket a letter encased in a tiny white envelope, and goes slowly and thoughtfully through this epistle for the third time:

"WILDWOOD SEMINARY, New Hampshire, September 6, 18—

"DEAR GUARDIAN:—I was not surprised because you did not come to see me 'graduate with the highest honors,' etc.; but I am surprised because you did not come to take me away from here, now that my school days are over. Be sure and come for me by Friday next—that's a dear, good guardian. Until that time, I remain,

"Your affectionate ward,
"FLORA IDLEWILD PAYNE."

"Humph!" ejaculated Rex, repeating over the words—"now that my school days are over."

He could not imagine how in the world he ought to dispose of her; heretofore he could always settle the thought by keeping her at school; now that the "school days were over," he stared the dilemma helplessly in the face, unable to settle the matter in his mind.

The stage had jogged slowly over twenty miles or more of territory, when at a small wayside inn, the coach came to a full stop, the driver jumped down off his seat, and pulled open the door for a lady to enter, and after depositing the female and innumerable bundles and boxes opposite Rex, closed the door with a bang, mounted the box, and the old stage lumbered slowly onward.

Rex was too thoroughly a confirmed bachelor even at thirty to care for the society of females, yet he was a courteous gentleman, and endeavored to help his lonely companion to while away the tedious hours of their journey by pleasant conversation.

He was delighted to find the lady, whom he judged to be of about twenty summers, well accquainted with that part of the country, especially in the vicinity and with the inmates of Wildwood Seminary.

Although he could but indistinctly see his companion's face by the flaring coach lamps the thought struck him that he had never beheld a sweeter or more womanly face; he quite regretted the time he should reach Wildwood Seminary. Perhaps she could suggest a way out of the difficulty; at any rate Rex concluded to confide in her.

"It is quite a serious position," assented the lady, with a silvery laugh; "but can't you find some handsome young man—as they do in most well regulated stories—to marry her, and thus relieve you of so troublesome a burden?"

Rex laughed.

"She might not be willing to be so summarily disposed of. Her father and mother died when Flora was scarcely more than six, and when they placed her in my charge over twelve years ago, I promised her future should be my dearest thought. I did not imagine the responsibility that I am beginning to feel just now. If I were a married man I could take her to my home."

"If this troublesome ward would consent to go," assented the lady.

For the first time in his life a strange yearning for a home came crowding over his lonely bacheler heart, as he listened to this low, sweet-voiced stranger sitting opposite him in the stage coach.

For the first time in Rex's life he was quite in love, and he fell to speculating whether or no she was to be won.

"Perhaps your parents live in this lonely district!" ventured Rex."

"No," answered the lady calmly, "my parents are dead."

"Your husband then perhaps?"

"I am not married."

They were only a few simple words, but they made Rex's heart beat with an exultant emotion he had never experienced before.

"I am connected," continued the lady quietly, "with the seminary which contains your troublesome ward."

"Then Wildwood Seminary is your destination too," said Rex scarcely repressing his intense satisfaction.

Rex was impulsive, always. He made up his mind as he sat there to propose to his companion. Never venture' never win, that was Rex's motto. He confessed to himself he was head over ears in love.

"Supposing," said Rex, after a short pause in the conversation, "you were in my place, and felt a great interest in a lady, a deep, earnest love, and felt that she, among all women whom you had met, was the one destined to make your life happy, what would you say to her?"

"Just exactly what you have said to me—simply tell her so," said the lady, with a low, musical laugh.

Rex laughed awkwardly; he felt more ill at ease than he even cared to admit to himself.

"I know that I am an entire stranger," began Rex, hesitatingly, "but I believe I could never love a woman or desire to win her for my wife more truly than I desire to win you. I do not ask for an answer at once; take time to consider the matter—know me better and answer me then. I shall leave Wildwood Seminary with my ward to-morrow. Will you tell me if you will think the matter over, and give me an answer before I go? I may return after proving myself worthy, and win you for my wife."

Rex pleaded earnestly—he felt that the whole happiness of his life hung upon her answer.

"Another moment and we shall reach Wildwood," said Rex, as the lights of the seminary loomed up in the distance before them.

"I will give you your answer definitely," she answered slowly, "before you leave Wildwood."

Rex could scarcely catch his breath for ecstacy.

At last they reached Wildwood, and were ushered by the servants into the stately parlor where numerous matrons were assembled to greet them. He looked in vague bewilderment. No ward came forwar to greet him.

"A thankless girl," he muttered, involuntarily, as he called for her, asking that she might be sent for at once.

The ladies looked at each other in consternation. His late companion of the coach crammed her handkerchief into her mouth to avoid a violent fit of coughing which ended in a merry peal of laughter, which seemed contagious, as all in the room joined heartily, much to Rex's astonishment as he gazed in bewilderment from one to the other.

"Didn't you know me, guardy dear?" cried the young lady, throwing aside her wraps and veil and disclosing the features of his ward. Just to think, riding twenty miles in the stage-coach with me and never once guessed who I was! I went down that long twenty miles just to meet you, and," she continued, shyly, "just to see how I would like you."

"And did you like me? asked Rex, lowering his voice with intense interest. Did you like me, Flera?"

"I will tell you," she whispered, "before you leave Wildwood to morrow."

"You will answer the question I put to you in the stage-coach?" he whispered.

"I will try to suggest some way to dispose of that troublesome ward," she answered, gaily.

Three days afterwards Rex Pendleton returned home, and the tall, willowy young lady that hung so gracefully on his arm he introduced to his friend Victor Graham, who met him at the depot.

"Victor, congratulate me. Allow me to introduce my wife—and ward. I have happily found a way to dispose of a ward who has just finished her school days. If you ever hear of just such another case advise them—if they can love each other as devotedly as my Flora and I do—to marry by all means. Flora—the sly little puss—admits she had fallen desperately in love with her guardian quite a year ago; but I never felt Cupid's arrow until he pierced my heart in the stage-coach. It was love instantaneously, my boy, and I never imagined before how dull life was to a batchelor with no one for whom he really cares to love him."

Victor smiled, pursuing the even tenor of his way, muttering as he went:

"He would have passed a pleasant life of it, despite the devil and all his works, had not his path been crossed by a being that causes more perplexity to mortal man than ghost, goblin, or the whole race of witches, and that was a—woman!"

Pursuing a Venus.

"There are but two purely Greek things now in Europe," said Mr. Wilde; "one is the Venus of Milos, the other Mrs. Langtry!" The effect of Mrs. Langtry's beauty is, he estimates, that of extreme delicacy produced by really strong lines. The mouth is large; the jaw is heavily outlined; and yet, as the Pantheon, while in reality a large building, gives the impression of being a more delicate structure than it really is, so the "Jersey Lily's" face conveys an idea of softness and grace infinitely charming. No photograph can do her justice, he holds, "for her complexion is like ivory stained with rose!" Even Millais has been comparatively unsuccessful with her portrait. He can paint children and men, but not a beautiful woman. Mr. Wilde considers Mrs. Langtry "the most charming of companions." There is no woman in the world with whom he would rather go to look at a picture, or see a play or give a new book to. It is remarkable, however, that she herself is entirely untouched by the feeling she inspires. "She is beautiful and virgin as a fountain, and as cold!" It is a great treat to hear Mr. Wilde describe how he and a friend, an artist, presumably Mr. Frank Miles, "discovered" Mrs. Langtry several years ago, when he was still at Oxford. One night at the Lyceum Theatre Oscar and his friend saw a beautiful unknown seated with a gentleman in a box. They asked everyone in the house whom they knew and all the officials the name of this divinity, but no one could tell them. When the play was over they waited to see her get in the carriage and then rushed along the Strand in a state of enthusiasm only possible in young men and artists. They told everybody that they had discovered the Venus of Milos there in London, i' the flesh, but no one could enlighten them concerning the incognita, and Mr. Wilde returned to Oxford, leaving his friend in town to prosecute the search. One day he received a telegram: "Come at once. I have found the Venus of Milos." He sought an audience with the university powers, whom he much distressed by a fable as to pressing family matters in London, and gaining permission, took the first train to town and a hansom to Chelsea. Entering his friend's studio, he found Mrs. Langtry there, sitting for her portrait! At that time she knew so few people in London that they might have been counted on her fingers, but Mr. Wilde and his friend "told nations she was beautiful" and interested in particular the late Duchess of Westminister, and it was at Grosvenor House that the now celebrated beauty, "Jersey Lily," made what was virtually her social debut. Mr. Wilde regrets almost that Mrs. Langtry should have decided to come to the United States to act before she is apt to be something more than merely a beautiful woman and an indifferent actress. He believes that she has the making of an accomplished artiste and, in time will prove herself one, since she has that effectual substitute for genius—ambition. It was not singular that she should have made one of the best debuts on record, for her training as a "professional beauty" had been of great service to her. It was nothing new for her to know that a whole theatre full of people were fixing their lorgnettes upon her face. People who are used to being stared at are obliged to cultivate the quality of unconsciousness of self, and Mrs. Langtry had taken a long course of lessons wherever she went. Among her fine qualities is, says Mr. Wilde, "a voice as musical as Sarah Bernhardt's." She possesses, moreover, rare powers of mimicry. He would like to see her play *Rosalind* for she is the only woman of his acquaintance who would be apt to look like a boy in the doublet and hose, the contours of her uncorsetted figure giving her advantages in this respect. At all events he regrets that she does not create an entirely new part in which she will run no danger of comparison with anyone else, since popular criticism consists so largely of comparison.

—A young doctor who found himself in a Dakota village without a dollar to pay a heavy board bill concocted a plan by which a wandering tramp played the part of a small-pox patient and the doctor vaccinated the entire population of the town with some innocuous acid at $2 each. The swindle was discovered too late, for the enterprising physician and his bogus patient skipped out with $300 apiece.

—A husband having in answer to his wife's repeated requests cut off his whiskers and gone home to surprise her, was met by her in the hall and overwhelmed with hugs and kisses. after letting him go she took a long look at him and exclaimed: "Oh horrors! is it you?" Proceedings for divorce have been begun.

How a Quaker Defended Himself.

A new method of dealing with serenaders was lately invented by Mr. Fox, of Stillbrook, Iowa, which reflects the highest credit upon the gentleman's ingenuity, and which promises to be a precedent of inestimable value. Mr. Fox, when nearly sixty-four years old, married for the first time about a week ago. He has resided in Stillbrook for many years, and his reputation as a man of shrewdness and integrity has never been sullied. Nevertheless, Mr. Fox has never been regarded as a liberal man. He does not approve of the use of ardent spirits as a beverage, and he does not smoke. Hence he has never been known to invite his fellow-citizens to drink or to take a cigar, and has thus won a reputation for miserly habits which not even the fact that he gives liberally to all charities and never turns a beggar away hungry from his door, cannot alter. Finally, Mr. Fox is a Quaker, and a firm believer in the doctrine of non-resistance. When such a man ventured to take a wife, the propriety of giving him a serenade was instantly perceived by the young men of Stillbrook. "The old man won't stand nothing," remarked the leader of the young men, "because he's too mean, and he can't fight because he is a Quaker. Boys, we'll just go down and serenade him all night and see how he likes it."

Now, Mr. Fox, although a non-resistant, had quietly made up his mind that he would not suffer from any prolonged serenade. He was addicted to the cultivation of bees, and he had on his premises twelve large beehives, each one of which contained a thousand or so of the largest and fiercest variety of bees. On the evening of the expected serenade Mr. Fox conveyed the twelve beehives to the roof of his front piazza, and placed them very near the edge thereof. He then provided himself with a pole long enough to reach from his front bedroom window to the beehives, and with a sweet and placid countenance sat down to await the serenaders.

In due time they arrived in force. There were at least fifty of them, and, grouping themselves in the front yard close to the house, they began their uproar. Mr. Fox listened silently for ten or fifteen minutes, and then appeared at the window, and, with a gesture, induced the musicians to pause. He told them that they must leave his premises, and that if they refused they would probably be sorry. With scornful laughter the young men declined to depart, and, drowning Mr. Fox's voice with ironical cheers, they resumed their serenade. It was then that Mr. Fox upset his twelve beehives with the aid of his pole, and, closing his window, proceeded to go peacefully to bed, undismayed by the wild yells which suddenly arose from his serenaders, and without seeking to know why they fled headlong from his front yard.

"There wasn't one of them bees that would let up on a man under three miles," remarked Mr. Fox next day.

The Latest Wonder.

A Washington paper contains a sensational report that an invention of startling significance and importance has just been patented. The invention consists of piling up layers of light upon each other by means of mirrors and producing intense heat. One who observed the process says: "In less than 30 seconds a thin, curling smoke gave evidence of the progress of the experiment. In a minute the board was bursting out in flames. The focus was then shifted upon the zinc. In a few moments it began to turn color, as if anxious to get away where it was cooler, and then, in less than three minutes, the entire surface covered by the focus was literally melting, drop by drop. To melt zinc it requires a temperature of 700 degrees Fahrenheit." An official of the patent office whose opinion was asked as to the importance of this invention spoke somewhat disrespectfully of it and said: "The use of mirror, both curved and flat, to accumulate and concentrate the sun's rays, is about as old as the sun itself. Ericsson's solar engine is perhaps the best application of the principle. The French have of late years done much in this direction. At the exhibition of 1878 some very interesting machines were exhibited."

Dime Novel Disease.

The discovery of five hundred dime novels in the headquarters of the latest band of train robbers in Missouri is the best evidence yet produced of the direct and pernicious influence of literature of that character. The dime novel teaches murder and license without any principle to justify crime. In the cases of "Schiller's Robbers," in which theft from the rich was made a virtue, the times were out of joint when the play was written by the hot-headed youth. It was a manifesto against the oppression of the poor and the despised. The masses were in a morbid state of mind. But in America, where content, equality and prosperity reign, there is no explanation of dime-novel romance and organized robbery and murder, except the depravity of individual men and a certain laxity of morals in the West.

Proposing a remedy for mosquitoes the Hamonton Hornet says: "Place a small piece of raw meat on a plate in your sleeping-room, and the 'birds' will light on it and never fly away." Our "birds" would fly away with the meat, plate and all.

How Fish-Hooks are Made.

Boys, how long do you suppose it would take you to make a respectable fish-hook? What do you suppose it would cost you to have a first class workman make you such a one as you can buy for a penny?

But I saw a magic little machine not long ago bite off a piece of steel wire, chew it a moment, then spit it out formed into a perfect hook every half second, the different machines making different sizes.

There are eight steps in the making of a fish-hook by the machine I saw. The boy who tended one of them snatched specimens from the machine as they passed through, and showed me how every stroke of the little chisels and hammers to the bit of wire that went in, until it came out a finished hook and ready to fish with, though probably the more fastidious fish wouldn't touch it because it hadn't yet been polished.

The curious little machine would first nip off bits of wire; another stroke of the machine and the bit of wire had a little loop in the end. The next half second the wire had a hack in it near the other end. Then came a little hammer stroke which flattened out the hacked end. Then a little chisel shaved this flattened end into a point. Then finishing tools shaped down the sides of the point. And last of all, it receives one crook, and drops a perfectly formed hook, into the little bucket, having been only four seconds before nothing but an inch or more of steel wire on a reel.

There are two ways of finishing these hooks. Either they are "japanned," which gives them the black finish, which is the most common one, or they are finished in the fine blue that is frequently put upon swords and cutlery. It is done by heating them in a furnace till they come to a "cherry-red," as the workmen call it, and then they are poured into a bucket of oil and left to cool.

After finishing they are taken up to the deft fingered girls, who rapidly count them by hooking them over a piece of coarse wire, throwing out at the same time the imperfect ones. Then they pack them in neat boxes and they are stacked up ready for market.

He Had a Terrible Time.

A gentleman, possessing a rather rough appearance, a native of Kansas City, and who receives his letters and bills addressed through the mails to one William King, strolled into the Union Depot last evening just drunk enough to look tired and sleepy. He threw himself upon one of the wooden benches in the gentleman's waiting room and was soon asleep and snoring. In a few minutes passengers in the waiting-room at the time were startled at the capers he began to cut. He was evidently a chronic somnambulist and imagined in his sleep that he was driving a street car, and endeavoring to manage a very wild team of horses. He stood up on the bench and yelled: "Whoa! whoa!" as he leaned forward and held out his hands, as though he were attempting to obtain a tighter grip on the imaginary lines he was holding. As soon as he was satisfied that he had stopped the horses, he jumped from the bench exclaiming: "Confound it! this car always gets off the track at the wrong time." After making this observation he walked to one end of the bench and began to pull it around the room with all his might and main.

"What are you trying to do?" inquired a bystander.

"Why, you confounded old fool, can't you see I am trying to get this car on the track?"

Finding it was uphill work, he walked to the other end of the bench and tried to quiet his horses again by saying: "Whoa boy, whoa, boy!" etc. This task having been accomplished, he turned to the crowd of spectators and asked them to help him lift the car on the track. When they failed to respond he said: "You are the meanest set of street-car passengers I ever hauled."

"What is the number of your car?" chipped in a bystander who stood near the back, holding his sides as he laughed. "The number of my car," replied the perspiring somnambulist. "is 47."

At this point of the proceedings a policeman appeared on the scene and dashed the contents of a glass filled with water in the face of the sleep-walker. This awoke him and brought him to his senses forthwith. When he saw the crowd standing around him laughing and slapping each other on the back his astonishment was of course very great.—*St. Louis Republican*

—"I never was in favor of war," said an old Arkansawer, "but I notice that some of the world's greatest men are not of my opinion. Now there's old Trademark. He's a great man, and he believes in war."

"Old who?" asked a bystander.

"Old Trademark."

"Who is Trademark?"

"No wonder they call us ignorant when such fellers as you show your lack of schoolin.' Didn't you never hear of the great German military man, Trademark?"

"I've heard of Bismark."

"That's a fact. Biz'-mark. I knowed that it was some sort of a commercial name."

—A cable dispatch says: "An American man-of-war has arrived, and Christians are feeling more hopeful." That is right. When a section of the American navy is discovered sailing along the water, just like a real vessel, there can be no doubt of an all-wise Providence. *Ex*

—Machines are now made which will cut from a roll of wire pins of the right length, head them, point them, polish them, sort them out with their points all one way and stick them into papers, or in rolls, faster than one can count.

All Sorts.

The doctor is a cure-us-man—perhaps.

The political kettle will soon begin to boil.

The early apples are getting more plentiful.

The funny papers are more numerous than humorous.

There are 700,000 colored Baptists in the United States.

Some people save at the spiggot and waste at the bung.

A sleeping car is a gem to a weary traveler—a car-bunk-le.

In portions of Lancaster county the tobacco crop is a failure.

Farmers look to your interest, particularly if it is over due.

One of Washington county's mail carriers is a handsome young lady.

It is an old saying that a heavy harvest is a sign of a hard winter.

Efforts are being made to restore the Temple of Solomon at Jerusalem.

Horrible gossip: As soon as they were married he settled a house on her.

The Cherry Grove oil wells produce eighteen thousand barrels daily.

A tame monkey never dies naturally. He is ground to death by a hand organ.

Why are umbrellas like pancakes?—Because they are seldom seen after Lent.

"My dear"—an expression used by man and wife at the commencement of a quarrel.

At the new oil towns of Garfield and Farnsworth water is sold for forty cents per barrel.

The profits of the Western Union Telegraph Company for 1882 are estimated at $6,500,000.

The "apple louse" is the latest pest to annoy the agriculturist and lessen the crop of apples.

The most uncommon of all railroad accidents—the arrival of a train at the appointed time.

"Say, Jack, can you tell us what's the best thing to hold two pieces of rope together?" "I guess *knot*."

"Married for life" is the title of a novel by a Chicago author, which is an entirely new idea in Illinois.

Beef is so scarce and high that a gentleman of New York is having a sirloin steak set for a breastpin.

When a judge "tries" a rogue, can it fairly be supposed that he has any idea of giving him employment?

No high-toned, well-educated dog will poke his nose in a garbage barrel—unless there's a bone in the barrel.

Sensible to the last, the dying cobbler folded his hands and murmured: "It's awl up! I'm pegging out!"

Woman is the idol that man worships.—Exchange. And the more idle she is the more he worships her.

Massachusetts newspapers are to be prohibited from publishing marriage notices in future, because marriage is a lottery.

A person was boasting that he had never spoken the truth. 'Then,' added another, "you have now done it for the first time."

Beauties often die old maids. They set such a value on themselves that they don't find a purchaser before the market is closed.

Rather a funny bull was that made recently by a member of Parliament in discussing the question of trial by jury in Ireland. Becoming excited, he exclaimed: "With trial by jury have I lived, and, by the blessing of God, with trial by jury will I die."

A cable dispatch says: "An American man-of-war has arrived, and Christians are feeling more hopeful." That is right. Whenever a section of the American navy is discovered sailing along the water, just like a real vessel, there can be no doubt of an all wise Providence.

Before the colored folks broke up their debating society, this question was up for debate: "Am fire more useful than iron?" The affirmative would have gained it had not a sable member on the other side thrown this bombshell: "Ef it hadn't been fer iron de white folks would er bin lickin' de niggers tel yit."

She wanted to test his affection, so, picking up the revolver and putting her eye to the muzzle, she said innocently, "I wonder if its loaded." "Oh, don't," he said, with manifest agitation. It satisfied her that he loved her, and she asked indifferently, "Why not?" "Because," he answered, "I've got house rent to pay next month, and a funeral would embarrass me."

The dog and the baby: Mrs. Brown—"Now, are you sure you have all the needs for the journey? His cup and his pillow, his saucer for milk, and the biscuit?" Maid—"Oui, madame." (And then with a relapse into brogue, and some anxiety), "And how about the baby, mum?" Mrs. B.—"Oh, her father has her. It is as much as I can do to look after Bijou."

"Agathe," said he, pointing with the half-evaporated end of his taffy stick toward the bespangled occident, "what star is that blazing out over yonder?" "That, Miletus," said she, scratching her nigh ear on the cap-stone of his shoulder pad, "that is Mercury, my cherished one." "You don't say!" was his answer, swallowing a two ounce installment of tintag at the shock. "You don't say! Well, I said when it got up to 93 this afternoon that I believed it would skip out the top of the flue, and sure enough it has!"

Miscellaneous.

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Jay Gould's Flower Garden.

A reporter visited Jay Gould's conservatory at Irvington, on the Hudson, which was built to replace the one destroyed by fire over a year ago. Mr. Gould's hobby is horticulture, and, with limitless means at his command, he pursues it with the same enthusiasm that other men bestow on fast horses. Last winter a list of new plants, covering almost every variety of vegetation, was made out, and this spring an enormous collection was imported. It is Mr. Gould's intention to have at least one specimen of every variety of flowering plant known. The main building is 400 feet long. It has several wings eighty feet long, and the whole is divided into sixteen sections, the temperature in each of which can be regulated independently of the adjoining sections. By this means fruits and grapes can be insured all the year round, as the vine can be kept in different stages of development. The conservatory contains over 4,000 varieties of plants. There is room for twice that number. The gardener estimates that there are from 6,000 to 8,000 plants in the conservatory and on the grounds, which are 500 acres in extent. The majority of the plants have been brought from the European conservatories, especially from Belgium. In one room there are 100 varieties of double geraniums in full bloom. One section eighty feet long is devoted to roses, of which there are 400 varieties. There are 400 varieties of palms, 300 of them from Ecuador and 100 from Asia. Some of the specimens cost $250. There are forty varieties of the pitcher plant, from Madagascar. There are 100 varieties of crotons from the Fiji Islands, 500 varieties of foliage plants from Central America and the East Indies. A collection of ferns from Central and South America and the East Indies numbers 300 varieties.

Being summer, many of the plants were in beds outside the conservatory. The flower garden comprises three acres and the vegetable garden four acres. There is also a vineyard of two acres and a large orchard containing 400 apple trees and 500 pear trees. There are any quantity of strawberry vines, gooseberry bushes, etc. An importation of rare plants from Central Africa is expected to arrive soon. Mr. Gould will expend this year $100,000 in the drainage of his place, and millions have already been spent to make the lovely place what it is.—*New York World.*

The Countess of Suffolk had married Mr. Howard, and they were both so poor that they took a resolution of going to Hanover, before the death of Queen Anne, in order to pay their court to the future royal family. Such was their poverty that, having some friends to dinner, and being disappointed of a full remittance, the Countess was forced to sell her hair to furnish the entertainment. Long wigs were then in fashion, and the Countess's hair being long, fine and fair produced her £20. The Countess's hair, however, appears to have been exceeded in value by that of an Oxfordshire lass, of whom we find the following story recorded in the *Protestant Mercury* for July 10, 1700: "An Oxfordshire lass was lately courted by a young man of that county, who was not willing to marry her unless her friends could advance £50 for her portion, which, they being incapable of doing, the lass came to this city to try her fortune, where she met with a good chapman in the Strand, who made a purchase of her hair, which was delicately long and light, and gave her £60 for it, being 20 ounces, at £3 an ounce, with which money she joyfully returned into the country, and bought her a husband." Even the hair of this Oxfordshire lass is rivalled by that of an old lady who died in 1720, whose long gray tresses are said in the journals of that period to have been sold to a periwig-maker for £50.

Newton's Great Comet.

On the 20th of December, 1680, shortly after sunset, Newton's comet became visible above the horizon of London. It was a magnificent object, having a tail 90,000,000 miles in length. A month previously it had been seen at Coburg, in Germany, but it was not then very bright, and had only begun to throw out a tail. When seen in England it was receding from the sun, having passed its perihelion on the 8th of December. Now, the most interesting thing about this comet was its near approach to the sun. At its perihelion we know that it was about one-sixth part of the sun's diameter from his surface, or, in other words, was distant from his centre about one-sixtieth part of our distance from it. The heat which we receive from a tropical sun at midday is considerable, but the comet must have experienced 25,600 times that amount. It is difficult to form any conception of such a temperature. Suffice it to say that every known material would be vaporized under it. How the comet behaved when thus heated can never be known, for it was lost in the glare of the sun at the time. When it did reappear, after wheeling round the sun with a speed of 1,200,000,000 miles an hour, it had developed an enormous tail, and we must look upon that as one of the results of the heating process.

—A Chicago butcher has been fined $100 for knocking out the eyes of cattle before slaughtering them, in order to make them tractable. He said that the practice was common.

Medical.

Disease is an effect, not a cause. Its origin is within; its manifestations are without. Hence, to cure the disease the Cause must be removed, and in no other way can a cure be effected. WARNER'S SAFE KIDNEY AND LIVER CURE is established on just principles. It realizes that

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Rev. G. W. RICE, editor of the *American Christian Review*, says of Brown's Iron Bitters:

Cin., O., Nov. 16, 1881.
Gents:—The foolish wasting of vital force in business, pleasure, and vicious indulgence of our people, makes your preparation a necessity; and if applied, will save hundreds who resort to saloons for temporary recuperation.

BROWN'S IRON BITTERS has been thoroughly tested for dyspepsia, indigestion, biliousness, weakness, debility, overwork, rheumatism, neuralgia, consumption, liver complaints, kidney troubles, &c., and it never fails to render speedy and permanent relief.

There is no excuse for suffering from
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Will give immediate relief.
After constipation follows
Biliousness, Dyspepsia, Indigestion, Diseases of the Kidneys, Torpid Liver Rheumatism, Dizziness, Sick Headache, Loss of Appetite, Jaundice, Apoplexy, Palpitations, Eruptions and Skin Diseases, etc., all of which these Bitters will speedily cure by removing the *cause*. Keep the *Stomach, Bowels, and Digestive Organs in good working order, and* **perfect health** will be the result. **Ladies** and others subject to **Sick Headache** will find relief and permanent cure by the use of these Bitters. Being **tonic** and **mildly purgative** they
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The Best, Cleanest and most Economical Hair Dressing.
Never Fails to Restore the youthful color to grey hair. 50c and $1 sizes at druggists.
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A new and exceedingly fragrant and lasting perfume. Price 25 and 75c.

PARKER'S
GINGERTONIC

A Pure Family Medicine that Invigorates Without Intoxicating.

If you are a mechanic or farmer, worn out with overwork, or a mother run down by family or household duties try PARKER'S GINGER TONIC

If you are a lawyer, minister or business man exhausted by mental strain or anxious cares do not take intoxicating stimulants, but use PARKER'S GINGER TONIC.

If you have Dyspepsia, Rheumatism, Kidney or Urinary Complaints, or if you are troubled with any disorder of the lungs, stomach, bowels, blood or nerves you can be cured by PARKER'S GINGER TONIC.

There are hundreds of miserable sufferers daily dying from lung, kidney and nervous diseases who might be saved by using PARKER'S GINGER TONIC in time.

If you are wasting away from age, dissipation or any disease or weakness and require a stimulant take GINGER TONIC at once; it will invigorate and build you up from the first dose but will never intoxicate. It has saved hundreds of lives; it may save yours. Ask your neighbor or druggist about it, or send for a circular to

HISCOX & CO., 163 Wm St., New York.
50c. and dollar sizes.
GREAT SAVING BUYING DOLLAR SIZE.

BARTRUFF'S

Is the place to go for
New Carriages, Buggies, Wagons
and to have old ones repaired

RAILROAD HOUSE,
Corner Front and Pine Street,
Philipsburg, Centre County, Pa.
ROBERT LOYD, Proprietor.
The best of liquors and cigars constantly on hand. The table is well supplied with the best the market affords 25-1y

F. P. GREEN,
DRUGGIST,
Bush House Building, Bellefonte. Keeps constantly on hand, or orders on short notice, a full assortment of everything usually kept in a first class drug store. Particular attention given to preparing physician's prescriptions, and family receipes. 6 1 1y

BOOK AGENTS WANTED!

"NASBY IN EXILE." Canvassers wanted for this popular Book, by D. R. Locke, of Toledo Blade. 300 illustrations. Sensible and amusing. There is money in the sale of this book. Also for.

"ANDERSONVILLE,"
A story of Southern Prisons.
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—AWARDED—
Capcine
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Porous
—MEDALS.—
Plaster.

The Best Known Remedy for
Backache or Lame Back.
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Female Weakness.
Are Superior to all other Plasters.
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Are Superior to Liniments.
Are Superior to Ointments or Salves.
Are superior to Electricity or galvanism
They Act Immediately.
They Strengthen,
They Soothe.
They Relieve Pain at Once.
They Positively Cure.

CAUTION. Benson's Capcine Porous Plasters have been imitated. Do not allow your druggist to palm off some other plaster having a similar sounding name. See that the word is spelled C-A-P-C-I-N-E. Price 25 cts.
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A SURE REMEDY AT LAST. Price 25c. MEAD'S Medicated CORN and BUNION PLASTER.

WE WARRANT ALL GOODS AS REPRESENTED. If you are in need of a pair of **BOOTS OR SHOES,** try us; we can save you money. 22-3m
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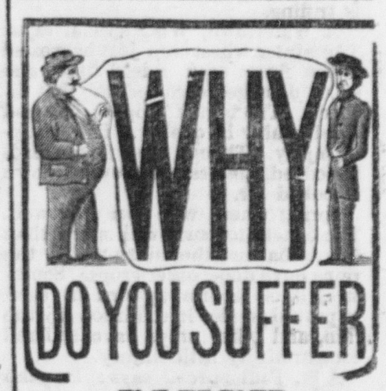

With that **COUGH** when there is a remedy at hand so **pleasant,** so **certain,** and so **safe,** that the most delicate child may take it without danger. It is called

GREEN'S Comp. Syrup of TAR, HONEY & BLOODROOT

It contains all the virtues of Tar in a *concentrated* form, combined with the best **Expectorants** and **Anodynes,** the whole prepared without the aid of heat, forming the BEST KNOWN REMEDY for all affections of the Throat and Lungs.

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A Lecture on the Nature, Treatment and Radical Cure of Seminal Weakness, or Spermatorrhœa, induced by Self Abuse, Involuntary Emissions, Impotency, Nervous Debility, and Impediments to Marriage generally; Consumption, Epilepsy and Fits; Mental and Physical Incapacity, &c.—By ROBERT J. CULVERWELL, M. D., author of the "Green Book," &c.

The world-renowned author, in this admirable Lecture, clearly proves from his own experience that the awful consequences of Self-Abuse may be effectually removed without dangerous surgical operations, bougies, instruments, rings or cordials; pointing out a mode of cure at once certain and effectual, by which every sufferer, no matter what his condition may be, may cure himself cheaply, privately and radically.

☞ *This Lecture will prove a boon to thousands and thousands.*

Sent under seal, in a plain envelope, to any address, on receipt of six cents, or two postage stamps. Address,
THE CULVERWELL MEDICAL CO.,
41 Ann Street, New York, N. Y.
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That a fine enclosed Picnic Ground, with every convenience, Swings, Croquet Ground, Quoits, Paraloin, and a fine Spring of pure water, with plenty of shade, for Societies, Clubs, Lodges, and all respectable Parties. MUSIC and LUNCHES gotten up at moderate rates. Carriages and Tickets for the Caves.
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GEO. B. NASH,
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Gold. Great chance to make money Those who always take advantage of the great chances for making money that are offered, generally become wealthy, while those who do not improve such chances remain in poverty. We want many men, women, boys and girls to work for us right in their own localities. Any one can do the work properly from the first start. The business will pay more than ten times ordinary wages. Expensive outfit furnished free. No one who engages fails to make money rapidly. You can devote your whole time to the work, or only your spare moments. Full information and all that is needed sent free. Address, STINSON & Co., Portland, Maine. jan1 d6mawly

Drs. J. N. & J. B. Hobensack,
No. 206 Second st., Above Race,
PHILADELPHIA,
For 30 years have been engaged in the treatment of Secret Diseases as regular practitioners. Read "Wisdom in a Nutshell." Sent to any address on receipt of a three-cent stamp. Useful information to the afflicted.
Office hours from 8 a. m. to 2 p. m., and from 6 to 9 p. m. Consultations by mail strictly private and confidential. 14-30-1y*

Bellefonte Republican.

BELLEFONTE, PA.

EDWARD T. TUTEN.

The BELLEFONTE REPUBLICAN is published every Wednesday at Bellefonte, Centre county Pennsylvania,

TERMS OF SUBSCRIPTION:

One year, in advance.....$2 00
If not paid for within 6 months..... 2 50
If not paid for until expiration of year..... 3 00

No paper will be discontinued until arrearages are paid, except at the option of the publisher.

Papers sent out of the county must be paid for in advance.

RATES OF ADVERTISING:

Special notices inserted in our local columns at 20 cents per line for each insertion.

Editorial notices in our columns, 25 cents per line for each insertion.

Marriage or death announcements published free of charge. Obituary notices, ten lines in length, free; exceeding ten lines, five cents per line.

Professional or Business Cards, not exceeding five lines, this type, $8.00 per annum.

All advertisements for a less term than three months, twenty cents per line for the first three insertions, and five cents per line for each additional insertion.

SPACE OCCUPIED.	3 mos.	6 mos.	1 year.
1 inch (12 lin' this typ'e)	$ 5 00	$ 8 00	$ 12 00
Two inches	7 00	10 00	15 00
Three inches	10 00	15 00	20 00
Four inches	11 00	17 00	25 00
Quarter column	12 00	20 00	30 00
Half column	20 00	35 00	55 00
One column	35 00	55 00	125 00

To insure insertion, advertisements MUST be in no later than Monday noon.

All advertisements, whether displayed or blank lines, measured by lines of this type.

All advertisements due after the first insertion.

JOB DEPARTMENT.

We have now the very best facilities for doing first-class Job Work, and solicit the patronage of all friends of the paper, together with all others who desire to obtain good work at fair prices.

We have the best workmen, the best presses and the best type to be found anywhere.

Address all communications, relating to business, to

EDWARD T. TUTEN, Proprietor,
Bellefonte, Pa.

LATEST TELEGRAPHIC NEWS

Crop Reports.

CHICAGO, August 10.—An Eau Claire, Wis., special says: Harvest began in earnest and the reports are all favorable, barring some damage done by chinch bugs to late spring wheat and oats. Corn is progressing wonderfully and the situation is the best for years. The loss by last week's storm is trifling.

A Watertown, Wis., special says: The winter wheat crop just harvested is the finest ever raised here, and small damage occurred to that in shock. The barley crop is damaged considerably in quality. Rye escaped injury. Though the oats are badly lodged, the best yield ever known is looked for.

Spring wheat will turn out well. The benefit to corn will more than counterbalance the injury which the rains have done other crops. Southern Illinois reports say corn has been improved greatly in condition by the rain, and other crops have suffered comparatively little injury.

A St. Paul special says: For the past two days the weather has been irreproachable for the harvesters, cool, breezy and dry.

In Dakota barley has been harvested and mostly secured. Oats will soon be ready and promise from fifty to sixty bushels to the acre. Wheat is filling finely, and some cutting will be done this week.

In Minnesota the reports continue equally cheering and there is no change from previous estimates. Nothing has damaged the crops yet. The weather has been perfect.

MONTREAL, August 10.—The crop reports gathered from about one hundred and twenty places in Ontario and Quebec show that the fall wheat is proving one of the best crops on record, and that spring is rather more than the average. Hay has a fair acreage. Barley is rather over than under. Peas and oats are heavy. The crops and roots are promising well.

St. John Renominated.

TOPEKA, Kas., August 10.—Governor St. John was renominated to-day by the republican state convention. After the nomination had been made the protest of the anti-St. John men against the nomination of Governor St. John telegraphed yesterday was presented and filed with the proceedings of the convention. Governor St. John was then called for and made a brief speech. No effort was made to make the nomination unanimous. The remainder of the state ticket was then nominated as follows: G. D. W. Finney, the present incombent, for lieutenant governor; James Smith, the present incumbent, for secretary of state; McAbe, colored, of Graham county, for auditor; treasurer, Samuel S. Howe; attorney general, W. A. Johnson; state superintendent, H. C. Sheer. After the appointment of a state central committee the convention adjourned sine die.

An Unfounded Rumor

WASHINGTON, August 10.—There was a rumor current here to-day that Colonel Thomas S. Barr, Judge advocate of the army and military secretary to the secretary of war, is to resign his position in the army to accept the newly made office of assistant secretary of war. Inquiry at the proper office showed that the rumor was without foundation. Colonel Barr denied it most emphatically. He said that office had never been tendered him and that he would have declined it if it had and moreover he had no intention whatever of resigning.

Cusack's Bluster.

PHILADELPHIA, Pa., August 10.—Captain William Cusack, the representative of O'Donovan Rossa, in this city, and a member of the Sarsfield skirmishing club, in speaking to-day about the Irish movement here to give financial aid to Arabi Pasha, announced that at their meeting last night every man was in favor of helping Arabi both by sending men and money; and that "we are in for dynamite and bullets first, last and all the time."

Indian Outrages.

TUCSON, A.T., August 11.—Advices from Hermosillo Sonora under date of the 8th says that parties arrived from Ures report the Apache depredations in that section as most fearful. Over 200 warriors are in the Mazatlan mountains near Ures and make daily raids on the valleys in small bodies, burning crops and houses and murdering the inhabitants. During the past twelve days forty-five persons have been murdered within a radious of twenty-five miles of Ures. Lazaro Valencia, a worthy citizen of Ures, and two prominent government officials are among the murdered. Last week the Indians attacked the ranche Viljoe. The fight lasted four hours and four of the ranchers were killed and the remainder wounded. Nine Apaches were left on the field. The approach of a body of Mexican troops caused the Indians to retreat. The Apaches are from the San Carlos agency and were armed with Winchester rifles and use cartridges stamped "U. S." The Mexicans are poorly armed with muzzle loaders. The country is terrorized. Business is paralyzed and the settlers are fleeing from their ranches to Ures. All the available Mexican troops are being concentrated to operate against them.

Strikers Create Trouble.

PITTSBURG, August 11.—Another skirmish occurred this morning at the Camp Hill coal mines. A gang of some fifty strikers, accompanied by an equal number of outsiders, came upon the grounds and by their violent demonstrations prevented several of the non-unionists from getting to the pits at the regular hour for commencing work. Their ringleader was supposed to be a man named Davis, for whom the sheriff's deputies are now on the lookout. The operators have found it necessary to keep a number of officers stationed about the pit in order to prevent the disorderly element from forcing an entrance to the mines. The superintendents of the Oak Ridge and National coal companies have been at Richmond, Va., for several days past engaging colored miners for their pits. They returned yesterday, having fifty diggers, and put them to work at once. Nine union men also broke away from their organization and resumed operations at the same time. So far no trouble has been reported at the mines, and the two superintendents who are there report all queit to-day.

Cold Weather.

CHICAGO, August 11.—The past few days have been very cool, uncomfortably so at times, and frosts are reported from Northern Wisconsin, and even in the suburbs of the city there was light frost on Thursday morning. The cold spell has, however, done no damage to the grain or vegetation, and prices on 'Change this morning are rather weaker.

The propellor Menomenee is reported by her captain to have encountered in midlake on Tuesday night a thick cold cloud, which burst on her decks, covering them with snow and slush to the depth of six inches for five minutes. The atmosphere was like that of winter, but as the steamer was moving rapidly she soon came into a warmer temperature.

The event is unprecedented here, but the accuracy of the facts is vouched for by others officers and passengers, and the story is corroborated by the thermometric conditions of that night.

More Troops for Egypt.

CHATHAM, August 11.—The Second battalion of the Royal Irish Foot, 775 strong, have left for Egypt. Great enthusiasm was manifested on their departure. This completes the departure of troops from Chatham. The dispatch of men from Southampton is also finished for the present. A squadron of the Household cavalry has been ordered to Cyprus to form a depot from which to forward men to the front. The Second army corps will be brought to its full strength, in readiness to support the corps already abroad, if necessary.

The Kentucky Election.

LOUISVILLE, August 11—The official vote of this county shows Webb to have been elected county clerk over Egelhoff by 43 of a majority. The total vote is 19,745. Returns from the state come in slowly, and nothing has developed which would tend to break the prediction made a week ago, that the democrats will elect Henry Clark of the Appellate court by 35,000 majority.

Departs for Long Branch.

WASHINGTON, August 11.—Attorney General Brewster left the city this morning for Long Branch. He will return here on Tuesday or Wednesday next in time to take part in the closing arguments in the Star Route cases.

The Distinguished Dead.

NEW ORLEANS, La., August 10—A dispatch announces the death at Saratoga of Judge William M. Levy, associate judge of the supreme court of Louisiana, and formerly a member of congress from the Fourth district.

Warrant Signed.

WASHINGTON, August 11.—First Comptroller Lawrance has signed a warrant for $22,605 in favor of Mrs. Lucretia R. Garfield.

Senator Hill.

ATLANTA, Ga., August 11.—Senator Hill is worse. His death is looked for to-morrow or next day unless he rallies.

The Mob's Work.

TAYLORSVILLE, Ill., August 12.—At midnight a large number of men surrounded the jail here in which are confined the three men charged with committing a fiendish assault upon Miss Emma Bond, the school teacher, and demanded admittance. They met with feeble resistance from the sheriff. Finally he unlocked the doors of the cells. John Montgomery was first taken out and hanged to a tree, then let down and asked to confess. He claimed to be innocent and cried out, "I am dying, but I die innocent." He was raised and lowered until almost dead. Lee Pettis and Emanuel Clements were then taken from their cells and strung up and lowered, and asked to confess. All claimed to be innocent. The father of Miss Bond, who was present, then suggested the men be taken back to jail and given a fair show, until his daughter was sufficiently recovered to identify the men. This was agreed to and the crowd dispersed.

Doomed to Death.

VERSAILLES, August 12.—The court has sentenced to death Fenayron, the retired apothecary, who murdered his wife's lover, another apothecary, named Aubert, at Chanton. Fenayron's wife, who, at her husband's instigation, inveigled Aubert to visit her on the night of the murder, was sentenced to penal servitude for life, and Fenayron's brother, Lucien, who aided him in the crime, to seven years' servitude. The trial excited extraordinary interest. As the public prosecutor did not press for the extreme penalty, in the event of the jury considering Fenayron was actuted solely by jealousy, it appears that the jury must have adopted the view favored by the prosecution, namely, that Aubert was murdered to prevent his divulging the guilt of Fenayron in some case of poisoning or felonious use of drugs.

Burned.

LANCASTER, Pa., August 13.—About 2 o'clock this afternoon the barn of Samuel N. Metzel, in the eastern section of this city, was completely destroyed, together with its contents, by an incendiary fire. Loss, $2,500; no insurance. While the fire was in progress the county insane asylum, situated near the burning barn, was discovered to be on fire and was entirely destroyed, together with all the furniture. The building was erected fourteen years ago at a cost $55,000, making the total loss on the building and contents fully $70,000; insurance, $35,000. There were one hundred and fourteen insane inmates in the building at the time of the fire, all of whom were saved after great exertion. The origin of the fire is in doubt.

Guests of a Hotel Stampede.

LONG BRANCH, August 13—The guests of the Hotel Bellevue, just above Seabright, stampeded yesterday because of two cases of typhoid fever among their number. The patients are W. Andrews, a brother-in-law of Cyrus W. Field, Jr., and Mrs. Albert Levy, a relative of the Seligmans. Their friends have declined to remove them on account of their critical condition, and the proprieter has posted a notice that he will close the hotel on Monday. He says he will prosecute any one who breaks into it. His loss by keeping open will reach $5,000, and he demands that this be made good.

The Troubles in Egypt.

ALEXANDRIA, August 13.—News has just been received of a skirmish to the westward of Alexandria beyond the Metes Ponts. The sailors and marines stationed there drove a number of Arabs back with the fire of a small field piece. There was no loss on the English side. Foreigners here are beginning to grumble and have formed a so-called vigilance committee to watch European interests. This movement will be a source of considerable trouble to Sir Garnet Woolsley unless firmly dealt with.

Preparing for Riot.

DUBLIN August 13.—It is stated that guns have been placed in the upper part of the castle and precautions taken in view of the possible riots during the O'Connell demonstration this week. Large bodies of infantry paraded the streets with guns to-night causing some excitement. The authorities were reticent in regard to the increased vigilance exercised by them.

Thirty Lashes.

BALTIMORE, Md., August 13.—In the criminal court yesterday David Gardner, colored, was convicted of beating his wife and sentenced to receive thirty lashes. This is the first conviction and sentence under the late act of the legislature, but it was stated that hereafter all convictions will be followed by the lash.

Failed to Accomplish His Purpose.

MILWAUKEE, Wis., August 13.—A man named William Johnson was arrested near Oak creek on the Chicago and Northwestern railroad, last night, for twice trying to wreck a train by placing a tie across the track. He refuses to make any statement.

Drowned.

FORTRESS MONROE, Va., August 13.—Fred Roeth, of Baltimore, who arrived here this morning in the steamer Theodore Weems, was seized with paralysis of the heart while bathing, near the government wharf, and died instantly. His remains were taken to Baltimore for interment.

ADDITIONAL LOCAL NEWS

The Woman and the Cow.

A very exciting contest is said to have been waged between two would-be Assemblymen, for the nomination which was received by one of them on Tuesday afternoon. A specimen of their mode of operation is contained in the following novel and romantic incident:

The sensuous mornings of August had just began to dawn on a world of beauty as the fortunate candidate, whose tuneful voice would perhaps at some near day pour forth words of eloquence in the State Legislative halls, was walking along the dusty road meditating on the best means of effecting his own nomination to the goal which he so eagerly sought. Behold, toward the rising of the sun the dust is raised by ten feet coming with measured tread along the road. Silver gleams of light flash back to the sun its own radiant light. A closer view discloses that two of the feet belong to a woman, the wife of an influential farmer and politician, the remaining eight feet being owned by a cow and a calf, which she was leading with the regal air of a Roman Empress to a favorable milking place—the gleams of light coming from a bright tin bucket.

"Woman and wine are the greatest powers in the world," meditated our hero. "This fair lady cannot milk her cow while the calf is present, and I shall give her my invaluable aid and experience." The woman reached the spot to which her steps were tending, and the legislative candidate doffed his cap in gallant style and offered to take the calf to a neighboring barn while she pursued the arduous task. This was no sooner said than accomplished, and the woman prosecuted her milking operation with great difficulty as Madam Cow was restless and uneasy because of the absence of her calf.

A gallant horseman came in sight, and being a famous agriculturist, as well as the first candidate's most bitter opponent, he at once perceived the lady's difficulty and dismounting, volunteered his assistance so far as only one arm would enable him to be of use. He fastened the cow's legs in such a position as to keep them quiet and stood by to render all the further assistance in his power. Too deepen the impression already made, he casually said, "H—," naming his opponent, "would not do this much for a lady." "Oh, he is up in the barn holding the calf," softly murmured the woman in reply. Both candidates were deeply chagrined.

—Among the new advertisements in this issue will be seen a very important offer of two valuable farms at private sale. One is situated in College township and the other in Harris. They are excellent properties and each has a fine dwelling house on the premises. The same advertisement offers a tract of timber land for sale. For terms and other particulars consult the advertisement and address George P. Henderson, Boalsburg, Pa.

—Hundreds of cigars are sold in Bellefonte daily, and Harry Green has the kind for which there is the greatest demand.

—Col. Asafat Rapjack, who is a "Knight of the Pick and Shovel" in Sugar Camp R. R. at Snow Shoe, departed Thursday afternoon on the 4.45 train for his home in Hungary. He was accompanied to the train by his friends, Peter Pecau, John Coljack, Stiff Holywock and Mike Sockall.

—Philipsburg girls, arrayed in thin white lawn dresses and armed with ponderous scythes, go into the front yards and ruthlessly cut down the daisies which grow quite profusely in that place.

—Harry Teats & Co. have an attractive store room and are always kept busy.

—John Wagner and Charley Cook indulged in some piscatorial sport recently, catching about twenty fine eels. The latter sportsman, who had often fished patiently and in vain, was much elated at his success.

—Sechler makes a specialty of keeping fine cattle and the choicest and best meat can usually be found in his meat market.

—Valentines & Co.'s store is fast gaining a reputation for furnishing the nobbiest and most beautiful styles in clothing of any establishment in this vicinity. The "latest thing out" in gents' shirts is that known as the "Tourist and Bicycle shirt." It comes in fine cloth and flannel and is the very best article of wearing apparel in that particular line which we have seen in a long time. Young gentlemen of fashion are wearing them, and as they are not only stylish but neat, those who contemplate purchasing shirts will find that the "Tourist and Bicycle" will accord fully with their ideas of the fitness of things. Call and see them. dawlt

Heirs to $10,000,000.

In the year 1819 John Burnside, a youth of eighteen years, came to this country from County Tyrone, Ireland, and went to New Orleans, where he became one of the most prosperous sugar planters in the United States. His riches increased with marvelous rapidity and when he died at White Sulphur Springs on the 29th of June, 1881, he had amassed a fortune of $10,000,000. As he was a bachelor and had no known relatives, the State of Louisiana laid claim to this immense fortune, except $300,000, which he disposed of by will in 1857.

But a certain William Burnside had removed to this country as long ago as 1792. He died in 1819, leaving four children—three boys, Thomas, Francis and John, and one daughter who became Mrs. Kilpatrick. Thomas Burnside was a resident of this county and his brilliant career is well known. In early life he was appointed to a judgeship. In 1841 Governor Porter appointed him President Judge of the Montgomery county court, and four years later he was elevated to the Supreme Bench of the State, where he remained until his death in 1857. Now it has been proved to the satisfaction of the descendants of William Burnside, father of Judge Thomas Burnside, that he was a brother of the millionaire Burnside's father and that Thomas Burnside and the Louisiana planter several times exchanged letters in which their relationship as first cousins was frequently alluded to, some of which communications are still in existence. The older citizens of the county who are familiar with the history of Judge Thomas Burnside are aware that his son also became a prominent citizen of this county and at death left several children, among whom are William Burnside and Mrs. Mary Morris, of Philadelphia, (the latter of whom is now visiting in Bellefonte), and Thomas Burnside, Mrs. Boal and Mrs. Mann, all of this place. Francis Burnside, brother of Judge Thomas Burnside, also left children.

The heirs of John Burnside's millions are now endeavoring to recover the money from the State of Louisiana and expect to be successful. Henry U. Brunner, Esq., of the Montgomery county bar, has thus far been their principal agent in managing the legal affairs of the case. Eminent legal talent has been retained by the contending parties. We hope the side represented so strongly by the descendants of Judge Thomas Burnside in this county will be successful.

—Bishop Jesse T. Peck, of Syracuse, has written two or three letters contradicting a cruel slander printed in Ohio to the effect that he had shamefully neglected his sister, who is ill and poor. In one of them he says: 'My sister is with her only daughter, where she has had a home for several years and is tenderly cared for. I am too feeble to go to her, but every want is met by her daughter and son-in-law and by faithful friends. I know the importance of these vile slanders, but if 50 years of life will not protect my reputation words cannot." We heartily sympathize with the Bishop if he is the victim of slander, but if he really desires his sister to be well cared for he should send her sufficiently near Bellefonte to become a regular customer of Sechler & Co., the well-known grocers. After partaking of these wholesome viands, she would renew her youth and be a living witness of the Bishop's kind care. All who can do so should buy of Sechler.

SIC SEMPER TYRANNIS.—"Thus always to tyrants" says Virginia upon her coat of arms, and with this motto is a vigorous form with his foot upon a prostrate usurper. Fitting devise and motto for Hunt's Remedy. Thus does it tread down usurping diseases, and thus does it speak to ailments that baffle the skill of the medical profession. There are no diseases so bold, yet so insidious and dangerous, and at the same time persistent and multiform in manifestations, as the diseases of the kidneys and liver. And yet here is the domain of Hunt's Remedy. The experience of thousands proves that it does all that is claimed for it, effects more cures of cases that have been hopeless, and turns despair into joy. Yes, it sets its foot upon the tyrant, kidney disease, and cries out to the world, *Sic Semper Tyrannis.*

—Mr. W. B. Miller, of Bedford, who is stopping at the Brockerhoff House, was so unfortunate on Saturday as to lose a valuable gold watch, with a black fob and charm attached. It was lost between the Brockerhoff House and Milesburg. The finder will be rewarded by returning it to the owner at the Brockerhoff House.

—Last week we noticed the fact that Mr. H. W. Foutz, of this place, offers a combined clover huller for sale at very reasonable rates. It is 8 or 10 horse power, mounted power on four wheels, and is a very superior implement. Full particulars may be learned by addressing H. W. Foutz, Bellefonte, Pa.

Beaver's Private Orderly.

A correspondent from Akron, Ohio, sends us the following communication for publication, and in a private note expresses his admiration for General Beaver in still stronger terms. We commend it to the consideration of soldiers:

AKRON, O., Aug. 8, 1882.

MR. EDITOR—*Dear Sir:*—Through your valuable paper I would like to speak to the ex-soldiers of Pennsylvania and more so to those who helped to make up the 4th Brigade, 1st Division of the 2d army corps, commanded by General James A. Beaver, the regular candidate for Governor of Pennsylvania. I for one am much pleased to know that the Republican party has put such a noble man at the head of the ticket. The soldiers will always remember this brave General and will to a man vote for him. A braver man never went to war than General Beaver. I know the soldiers who were in the 148—145—53—will not go back on their commander. They have not yet forgotten the battle of Reams Station, where the General lost his leg. For this great loss to Beaver they will rally to his aid. Your worst enemy is this same Democratic party. Watch them—lay them out—cover their votes two to one, and the glory is yours. Think of the hard-fought battles we all passed through together and then ask yourself how you could think of not voting for this noble General. I would love to be with you on that day to cast a vote for this brave man, Beaver, but you bet I will read the good news of his election with cheers. Stand firm to your friend Beaver to the end of this battle, and you have my best wishes for the success of your ticket.

From the General's private orderly,
GEORGE W. KERN,
Late of Co. K, 53rd Pa. Vols.

—Harry Teats & Co., grocers, invite people to call and inspect their store, even if they do not wish to buy.

—The fact has been fully demonstrated that if it were not for the ravages of worthless dogs sheep husbandry in this section would become what it is in many other portions of the country—one of the most lucrative and least annoying industries that our farmers could engage in. The expense and attention incident to the care of sheep is less than that of any species of stock, and yet this industry on anything like a large scale is practically shut off from our farmers by the army of worthless, half starved curs that are found in almost every cabin in the land, which seem to have taken upon themselves the task of "removing" all the sheep withing their reach. Could these dogs be "removed," the raising of sheep would be more generally pursued by the farmers of this section and very much to their profit.

—Fresh groceries are constantly being received by Harry Teats & Co., in this place.

—Rev. Baldy Lightner, rector of Christ Episcopal Church, Oil City, was in town during Sunday, and filled the pulpit of the Episcopal church, this place, very acceptably, the regular rector, Rev. John Hewitt, being detained at home by illness. It is also worthy of note that Miss Kate Curtin was a member of the choir at the evening service, singing with her well known ability, greatly to the edification of the worshipping congregation.

—Two many cooks spoil the broth and poor groceries have a similar effect on it. It is advisable to have only one cook and to purchase groceries of Sechler.

—Thunder and lightning! These thunder storms sour the milk every day.

—"Mellican man smokee much, live long and is happy," exclaimed a Chinaman the other day. Then he rushed across the street and purchased a cigar of Harry Green.

EDITOR'S TABLE.

IN the *North American Review* for August, the Rev Henry Ward Beecher writes of "Progress in Religious Thought," pointing out the many influences, social, educational and scientific which are by degrees transforming the whole structure of dogmatic belief and teaching. T. V. Powderly, the official head of the Knights of Labor, the strongest union of workingmen in the United States, contributes a temperate article on "The Organization of Labor." The well-known British military correspondent, Archibald Forbes, writes of "The United States Army," dwelling more particularly on those features of our army management which appear to him to be most worthy of imitation by the military governments of Europe. "Woman's Work and Woman's Wages," by Charles W. Elliott, is a forcible statement of one of the most urgent problems of our time. The author sees no advantage to be derived from the employment of woman in man's work, whether of brain or of hand; such employment, he insists, only reduces men's wages, and does not really add to the total resources of the whole class of workers. In a highly interesting essay on "The Ethics of Gambling," O. B. Frothingham analyzes the passion for play with rare ingenuity. "The Remuneration of Public Servants," by Frank D. Y. Carpenter, gives matter for serious consideration, both to the civil service reformers and their opponents. Finally, there is a paper on "Artesian Wells upon the Great Plains," by Dr. C. A. White, of the Smithsonian Institution. The Review is sold by booksellers generally.

Philipsburg Mining Notes.

PHILIPSBURG, Aug. 8, 1882.

The mines all along the Campbell's Branch have been running very slack ever since the resumption of work after the strike. The miners are complaining bitterly about the "weight" of their coal at the Bank Scales. They say they are robbed of some hundreds weight of their coal in the course of a day; and as a proof of the injustice practiced upon them, they point out the fact that the operators will not allow them to have "a say" in the matter. That is, they refuse them the privilege of placing a checkwayman in the scale house. This, they say, is conclusive evidence that they are cheated; and is it not circumstantial evidence that they are? Several men who have obtained employment in those mines, after working a day or two and seeing the manner in which the men here are treated, are leaving again and going West. There are quite a number of "old hands" here yet unable to obtain employment, and it is positively stated that the leading men in this section of the district, viz: Messrs. J. Lewis, C. Cotter and T. Bailey will not on any terms secure any work "on the Allegheny Mountains." Some of the Knights of Labor speak very strong about taking action against certain mine operators, under charge of *conspiracy*. Startling facts have been obtained and, according to the sentiments expressed by the most prominent officials of the organization, something definite may be expected. It is understood that the best of counsel is being consulted on the matter.

Some very ugly rumors are afloat concerning the death of an infant child, whose father's name is George Marsden. This party was employed previous to the strike by Barnes & Bros., and occupied a dwelling house under the same firm. Just before the close of the strike, Marsden and his family were evicted from the dwelling and cast into the streets. Their bedding and household goods were left out on the street until night, when, having obtained shelter, the mother and child slept on one of the beds (which is reported as being unfit) and it is said that the child on that occasion caught a severe cold which resulted in its death!

This morning a miner in the employ of Barnes & Bros. at the Lancashire was killed whilst at his work under a "fall" of coal. He has been here only a short time, and is said to be one of the Hungarians that worked at the same mine during the late strike. The opinion is freely expressed that such parties, not being practical and experienced miners, should not be allowed to enter the mines, and be brought through their ignorance in mining to an untimely end. Surely there is room for legislation on such sad occurrences.

CAMBRIA'S YOUTH.

—Boston has a new and elegant hotel called the Hotel Vendome. It equals the finest places of entertainment in other cities and is kept by a landlord who is very popular and has been successful in all his former ventures. It is a magnificent hotel, and through it the Hub is able to afford as fine entertainment to the traveling public as any other city in the United States. But even famous Boston lacks one institution of which Bellefonte can boast, and without which a hotel, notwithstanding the elegance of the building, is as a howling wilderness. We refer, of course, to Sechler's grocery store, where the groceries used in the culinary department may be procured in large quantities and of the most superior quality. Hotels and private houses throughout the bounds of Centre county replenish their supply of groceries at this store. Those who patronize Sechler are always treated in an upright, honest manner.

—On Saturday afternoon, after the circus exhibition was over, the attaches of the organization utilized the race track to test the speed of some of their best horses. A large sum of money was bet on the result and a great many people waited to witness the race, which came off in fine style.

An Extraordinary Book.

Solomon says, "Of making books there is no end; and much study is a weariness of the flesh."

This first reflection is emphatically true of our age, and the second would be equally just were we compelled to read all the books offered us.

A good book has been described as as "One that leaves you farther on than when you took it up, when you drop it, it does not drop you down in the same old spot, but leaves you with a finer outlook, a clearer vision and a stimulated desire for that which is better and higher."

This definition is applicable to "*Practical Life*," a new work advertised in another column, a copy of which we have just received from the publishers, and which we take pleasure in bringing to the notice of our readers as one eminently worthy of being read and studied by those who would make the most of themselves in fighting the great battle of life.

—Readers of the REPUBLICAN are urged to buy their groceries from Harry Teats & Co.

Special inducements for orders for fall and winter clothing during the summer months.
27tf MONTGOMERY & Co.

A sure cure for impoverished blood, pimples, and sallow complexion, is Brown's Iron Bitters. It will produce a healthy color, smooth skin, and is absolutely not injurious.

—It seems to satisfy a family want, and I wonder how we ever got along without Parker's Ginger Tonic. It cured me of nervous prostration, and I have used it since for all sorts of complaints in our family.—Mrs. Jines, Albany.

Terrible itching and scaly humors, ulcers, sores and scrofulous swellings cured by the Cuticura and Cuticura Soap (the great skin cures) externally, and Cuticura Resolvent (blood purifier) internally. Ask about them at your druggists.

Walnut Leaf Hair Restorer.

It is entirely different from all others. It is as clear as water, and, as its name indicates, is a perfect Vegetable Hair Restorer. It will immediately free the head from all dandruff, restore gray hair to its natural color, and produce a new growth where it has fallen off. It does not in any manner affect the health, which sulphur, sugar of lead, and nitrate of silver preparations have done. It will change light or faded hair in a few days to a beautiful glossy brown. Ask your druggists for it. Each bottle is warranted. Smith, Kline & Co., Wholesale Agents, Philadelphia, and C. N. Crittenton, New York. 14 24 1y

Announcements.

E. T. TUTEN, EDITOR REPUBLICAN.—Please announce my name as a candidate for member of the Legislature, subject to the decision of the Republican County Convention.
Boggs tp., Aug. 14, 1882. E. I. WALKER.

Take Notice.

Parties visiting the circus and attending court at Bellefonte, Pa., are requested to stop in at the great Boston Clothing House just opened in Reynolds' Block, opposite the Brockerhoff House, Bellefonte, Pa. The cheapest place in the world to buy Clothing, Boots and Ladies' Shoes, &c. Most everybody in the county of Centre has heard of this great concern just opened here. All we can say is do as we tell you and you will find it to your interest. Remember the time is short. Our heavy fall stock will soon arrive, we therefore advise you to come at once, as we are selling out our entire stock of spring and summer goods at cost, and some below cost, in order to make room for our heavy stock of fall and winter goods, which will be the largest and finest stock of Clothing, Boots and Ladies' Shoes, Hats and Caps, Gents.' Furnishing Goods, &c. ever witnessed in Centre county., and at prices that will defy competition in this or any other town. Now bear this in mind and act wise, as "A word to the wise is sufficient."

Two Valuable Farms at Private Sale.

THE REAL ESTATE SITUATE IN CENTRE COUNTY, belonging to the heirs of the late DR. A. A. HENDERSON, is offered at private sale. It consists of two valuable farms, one situate in College township, containing about two hundred and ten acres of cleared land and thirty acres of timber land, thereon erected a LARGE STONE MANSION HOUSE, TWO GOOD FRAME DWELLING HOUSES, Bank Barn and all necessary outbuildings. Also a GOOD ORCHARD of eight acres. Springs and a stream of running water through the farm.

Another situate in Harris township, containing about one hundred and sixty (160) acres (all cleared excepting eight acres), thereon erected a LARGE BRICK DWELLING HOUSE, bank barn, corn house, ice house, and all necessary outbuildings. There is also a good young Orchard on this farm, and the right to pipe water from a stream of running water.

Also a TRACT OF TIMBER LAND on the north side of Tussey mountain, containing one hundred acres, and another containing between one and two acres, with water right sufficient to run machinery of mill.

Payments will be made to suit the purchasers. For terms and particulars call upon or address GEO. A. HENDERSON
14-32-1m Boalsburg, Pa.

COURT PROCLAMATION.—Whereas, the Hon. Charles A. Mayer, President Judge of the Court of Common Pleas of the 25th judicial district, consisting of the Counties of Centre, Clinton and Clearfield, and the Hon. J. G. Larimer and the Hon. J. K. Runkle, Associate Judges in Centre county, having issued their precept, bearing date the 16th day of May, A. D., 1882, to me directed, for holding a court of Oyer and Terminer and General Jail Delivery and Quarter Sessions of the peace in Bellefonte, for the County of Centre, and to commence on the fourth Monday of August next, being the 28th day of August, 1882, and to continue one week. Notice is hereby given to the Coroner, Justices of the Peace, Aldermen and Constables of said County of Centre, that they be then and there in their proper persons, at 10 o'clock in the forenoon of said day, with their records, inquisitions, examinations, and their own remembrances, to do those things which to their office appertains to be done, and those who are bound in recognizances to prosecute against the prisoners that are or shall be in the jail of Centre county, be then and there to prosecute against them as shall be just.

Given under my hand, at Bellefonte, the 2nd day of August, in the year of our Lord, 1882, and in the one hundred and sixth year of the independence of the United States.

THOMAS J. DUNKEL,
30-4t Sheriff.

FARM FOR SALE.—The undersigned, executors of the estate of Elijah Weston, deceased, will offer at public sale on

FRIDAY, SEPTEMBER 8, 1882,

the following Real Estate of said deceased, situated near the town of Warriorsmark, Huntingdon county, Penn'a, containing about one hundred and forty-two acres, one hundred acres of which is cleared, under good fencing, and in a high state of cultivation, the balance, about forty-two acres, is covered with chestnut and other timber sufficient for all purposes of fencing and fuel. There is erected thereon a large bank barn and frame dwelling house with all necessary outbuildings. Water in abundance is supplied from never-failing springs. This farm is located in the great wheat growing belt along the eastern base of the Muncy Ridge, and has won for itself the reputation of being one of the best grain producing farms in central Pennsylvania, and from its wonderful freeness from late spring frosts is well adapted to fruit growing. Terms to suit purchaser.

THOS. WESTON, } Executors.
31-4t ELIJAH WESTON, }

COLUMBIA HOUSE,

Nos. 111 and 113 N'th Broad Street (above Arch

PHILADELPHIA, PENN'A.

Directly opposite Academy of Fine Arts; three squares from Academy of Music and Horticultural Hall; one block from the new City Hall and the Pennsylvania railway passenger depot; adjoins the National Surgical Institution; half block from Masonic Temple, and within three squares of the Philadelphia & Reading passenger depot.

TERMS, $1.50 PER DAY.

MRS. ELIZABETH A. HUTTON, Proprietress
14-21tf

New Advertisements.

Legal.

QUIGLEY & BAILEY vs. JOHN P. DEHAAS. } Error to the Court of Common Pleas of CLINTON COUNTY.
Argued June 9, 1881.

GORDON, J.:

Any material parol alteration or modification of a contract under seal necessarily constitutes the specialty part of a new verbal agreement that cannot be enforced by an action of covenant. *Carrier and Baum vs. Dilworth*, 9 *P. F. S.*, 406. The reason of this is obvious; the specialty, as such, no longer exists; it has itself become but an element of the subsequent parol arreignment; but an inducement for the more recent contract, and must, therefore, be enforced by an action of assumpsit. But it by no means follows that the waiver of one or more of the stipulations of a sealed agreement produces such an effect, for in such case, the waiver neither destroys the original contract nor makes a new one, but only effects its execution. If A. should contract in writing, under seal, for a stipulated price, to build a house for B. and paint it, and B. should afterwards agree to release A. from the painting, we apprehend no one would say that there was in this such an alteration as would reduce the specialty to parol: for the remedy must be followed on the original agreement seeing there is none other. There is here no substitution of new terms and conditions for the old. Both parties are held to all the covenants of the specialty, except that one which has been waived, and to nothing else, hence, the only possible remedy is covenant. If authority for a proposition so plain as this is wanting, it will be found in the cases of McCombs vs. McKennan, 2 W. & D., 216, and Ellmaker vs. The Insurance Co., 6 W. & D., 439. Now, concerning the amendment made in the plaintiff's narr. which is complained of as introducing a new cause of action; we find that it amounts only to the setting out of the waver of that part of the contract which required the judgment of John M. Mason upon the work as a condition precedent to the plaintiff's order of payment. In other words it sets out what the jury have found to be the fact, that if the plaintiff would do certain items of work, which both Bailey, one of the defendants, and Mason, the arbiter, pointed out as necessary to complete the job, the contract should be regarded as fulfilled and the plaintiff should have his pay. This certainly was not a substitution of a new agreement for the old; it was but a waiver of a single condition. So far as the substitute part of the contract was concerned, it altered it not in a single particular. It did not release DeHaas from a strict performance of what he had to do about the work which he had undertaken, neither did it impose upon Quigley & Bailey what they had not previously agreed to do. We repeat, therefore, that the amended narr. does not set out a new contract, hence, no new cause of action. That the parties had the power to waive this part of their contract, was intimated in our opinion when the case was here before, but without this, that the parties to a contract may waive any part or the whole of it, if they see fit so to do, is a proposition requiring no discussion. On this branch of the case the only remaining question is, whether there was evidence sufficient to submit to the jury from which an acceptance of the work might properly be inferred. DeHaas swears that at or about the the time when, as he considered, the job was finished or nearly so, Bailey and Mason made an inspection of the work, and pointed out certain things which they thought necessary to perfect the contract, such as the cutting out of some trees and the putting of some more earth on the top of a ditch. He then asked Bailey whether the job would be satisfactory to him when the work thus pointed out was done, and the answer was that it would be. He further says that under this arrangement Bailey left with the understanding that they were to have a settlement in a few days. Immediately afterwards he proceeded to finish what had been pointed out for him to do, but found that he was not able to bring Bailey to the promised settlement. He then spoke to Quigley, and told him he was afraid there was going to be trouble, but Quigley thought not, but said he no longer had any interest in the matter as he had sold out to Mason. Then in confirmation of this narration of DeHaas we have the testimony of John Williams, who says Bailey told him the job was a good one. It is true this is denied by the defendants, but the jury, as they had a right to do, believed DeHaas. With this we have nothing to do; our question is, whether this evidence, with the attendant circumstances, was sufficient, if believed, to support the hypothesis of the plaintiff. We think it was. For why did Bailey, in consideration of the performance by DeHaas of certain specific things, pointed out by himself and Mason, agree to accept and settle for the job, if he intended to insist on the umpireship of Mason? He certainly thereby induced DeHaas to believe that he had waived this part of the contract, and if he did so deliberately he ought to be held to it. His own testimony, if not confirmatory of that of the plaintiff, nevertheless exhibits so much of unfairness, so great a disposition to prevent an impartial judgment of the umpire that we are not surprised that the jury gave it no credence. In answer to the question whether he had not pointed out to DeHaas the objectionable and unfinished parts of the work at the time he visited him in company with Mason, he says he did not, that he pointed them out to Mason: "I wanted," he goes on to say, 'to satisfy Mr. Mason that the work was not in accordance with the contract, and went there for that purpose. I had told Mr. Mason, before I went there it was not satisfactory." Then, in answer to the question, "Your purpose was to prevent its being taken out of the the hands of DeHaas?" the answer is "Yes sir." The frankness of all this is certainly admirable, but the history of the transaction is not so commendable. And what must we think of an umpire who would allow his judgment thus to be forestalled, who would submit to be made the mere tool of either party? How, after this, could the plaintiff expect an impartial judgment from, or how could a court of justice require him to resort to the decision of an umpire who had thus been manipulated? Had DeHaas been informed of the purpose for which Mason had been brought upon the ground he might have had some slight chance for defence, but care was taken that he should not have this information, for, as Bailey says, "I did not want to get into a controversy with DeHaas." The design seems to have been simply to post mason on the defects of the job, and then leave DeHaas to the tender mercies of an umpire who had prejudged and condemned his work. That Bailey did accomplish his purpose as to the umpire is obvious, for he says, after he and Mason had ridden over the job, he, Mason, informed him that it was impossible for DeHaas to cribb the creek according to the contract. Under circumstances of this kind, about which there can be no doubt, since they are detailed by one of the defendants, it is idle to talk about requiring DeHaas to resort to the judgment of an umpire from whom, in consequence of the manipulations of the defendant, he could obtain nothing but an adverse decision.

This conduct of Bailey forever estops him and his partner from setting up this part of the contract to defeat the plaintiff. When, therefore, the court submitted this part of the case to the jury on the question of waiver, it not only does that which the evidence justified in so doing, but also that which was the best for the defendants, and of which, therefore, they ought not to complain.

There was exception taken to the ruling of the court in permitting the introduction of parol evidence to explain the understanding of the parties, at the time of the execution of the contract, as to how the dams should be built. But we think this was proper. By the contract these dams were to be built in a good and substantial manner, as flood dams should be built in such streams, cribbed, sparred, puddle-ditched, calked and gravelled. To us it seems obvious that in order to make this intelligible to a jury, some explanation was necessary, either from experts or from the understanding of the parties expressed at the time of the making of the contract, but of these two methods of arriving at the meaning of this agreement, the latter was the better, as being the interpretation given to it by those most interested, hence, the one which would be the most likely to express their intention.

We have discovered nothing else in the assignments requiring comment.

Judgment affirmed.

SUPREME COURT OF PENN'A, }
MIDDLE DISTRICT, ss. }

I hereby certify the above and foregoing to be a full, true and correct copy of the opinion of the Supreme Court filed in the above entitled case, viz.: QUIGLEY AND BAILEY VS. DEHAAS, as appears from the original on file in my office.

Witness by hand and official seal this 26th day of Oct., 1881. ROBT. SNODGRASS, Proth'y S. C., M. D.

EXECUTOR'S NOTICE.—Letters testamentary on the death of John Segner, late of Walker township, having been granted to the undersigned, all persons knowing themselves to be indebted to said estate are hereby notified to make immediate payments, and those having claims against the same to present them, duly authenticated, for payment.

14 31 6t JOHN T. ROGERS, Executor.

Bee Hive Stores.

Now or Never

IS YOUR TIME TO SAVE

30 to 40 Per Cent.

Having just purchased, for Cash, the entire stock of

Carpets,

Oil Cloths,

Mattings, &c.,

formerly belonging to Isaac Guggenheimer, at a great sacrifice, we are prepared to offer again, for Cash, the

Greatest Bargains

ever known in this line. Call early to make your selection as these goods positively can never be duplicated at such ruinous prices.

Goldsmith Brothers'

GREAT

BEE HIVE

ONE PRICE STORES,

BELLEFONTE, PA

S. & A. Loeb, General Merchandise.

Save Money When You Can!

ANY ONE CAN SAVE IT BY FOLLOWING THE ADVICE BELOW.

GROCERIES.

We are selling all classes of Groceries at prices below any grocery store in Bellefonte, showing a saving of 3 cents per pound on as staple an article as Coffee; 10 cents on Syrups; 2 cents on Bacon; from 10 to 25 cents per bushel on Potatoes; a few cents on every article of everyday consumption that goes into the house. Produce we always sell at same prices which we pay for it, thereby saving the consumer an extra profit that is always charged by exclusive grocery stores.

BOOTS AND SHOES.

We are selling all kinds of Boots and Shoes in wonderfully large variety and extra good quality, at prices far below any exclusive shoe store in Centre County. Quality guaranteed as good as can be made, and prices speak for themselves.

CLOTHING.

We are selling all sizes of Men's, Youth's, Boys' and Children's Clothing at an enormous saving on any exclusive clothing store, guaranteeing linings, trimmings and workmanship superior to any other ready-made Clothing sold in this county, and equal to any custom-made work. Patches are furnished with all children's suits. We make a specialty of the celebrated Stein, Adler & Co.'s manufacture, of Rochester, which is conceded by all to be the best in the United States.

CARPETS.

We are selling all grades of Carpets, ranging from the cheapest to the best, at lower prices than any store in Bellefonte, and have the largest variety to be found in the County, which has only to be seen to be verified. Carpets cut, fit, made and laid down in your houses on short notice.

DRY GOODS.

In Dry Goods we are determined not to be undersold, and have an exceedingly large stock, comprising everything in the line that the name implies. Dress Goods in every new shape out, Muslins, Calicos, Linens, House Furnishing Goods, in fact anything and everything, bought right and offered right.

NOTIONS.

In Notions and Trimmings our stock is full of novelties, at the very lowest prices.

GENTS' FURNISHING GOODS.

Hats, Caps, Shirts, Suspenders, Collars, Cuffs, Hosiery, etc. Just call and convince yourselves. Room won't allow us to explain fully.

Why can we do all this? Simply because we deal in everything. We make a specialty of each department; neither one branch or the other of our ever increasing business need be largely profitable, but a very small margin in either sums up to satisfy us.

ALL KINDS OF COUNTRY PRODUCE WANTED.

S. & A. LOEB,

The Oldest General Merchants in Centre County.

ESTABLISHED 1852.

Bellefonte Republican.
BELLEFONTE, PA.
EDWARD T. TUTEN.

THE LATEST NEWS.

Lurid Lightning.

STANFORD, Conn., August 7.—The Presbyterian church was struck by lightning to-day and entirely destroyed. It is supposed two men perished in the flames. William Brown (colored) was rescued still alive in an almost unrocognizable condition. Two other buildings were struck. George Roberts was badly hurt and other members of his family were stunned

EASTON, Pa., August 7.—During a storm this afternoon, which lasted an hour, lightning struck and destroyed a barn on the farm of John Bingham, in Warren county, N. J. The lightning also struck and damaged a house in Easton. Much damage was done to crops. In the township and in the vicinity of Northampton, adjoining Easton, gullies from three to ten feet were made in fields, and the streets of the town were damaged to the extent of several hundred dollars. The entire damage by the storm is roughly estimated at from $5,000 to $6,000.

HARRISBURG, Pa., August 7.—A large barn owned by William Light, near this city, was struck by lightning this afternoon and was entirely destroyed with its contents, including this year's crops.

SCRANTON, Pa., August 7.—Two terrific thunder and wind storms visited this city to-day. Trees were uprooted and houses unroofed. Many cellars were flooded and considerable damage was done to the crops. During the storm this evening the scaffolding of the new court house was struck by lightning.

LONG BRANCH, N. J., August 7.—A summer house was struck by lightning to-day and four persons were prostrated. John Conners, a policeman, was seriously injured.

MIDDLETOWN, N. Y., August 7.—Several buildings were struck by lightning to-day. Mrs. McCrea was knocked senseless but will recover.

Admiral Nicholson's Report.

WASHINGTON, D. C., August 7.—Admiral Nicholson in his report to the navy department says in reference to the landing of United States marines at Alexandria: On the 14th of July he sent word to the Khedive that he wished immediately to re-establish the United States consulate, and with his permission send an armed force on shore for its protection. The Khedive thanked him and asked his aid in extinguishing the fires still raging in the city, and also in preserving order. He accordingly landed a hundred marines who guarded the consulate, which was re-established in its former situation, and also aided in extinguishing fires, in burying the dead lying about the streets, and in preserving order around the consulate building. The next morning he went on shore, visited the consulate and walked around the burnt district, which was the finest portion of the city. As the English were landing the necessary force he withdrew at noon all but twenty-five of the guard on shore. These will remain to protect the consulate as long as required.

Denies the Assertion.

WASHINGTON, August 7.—Secretary Teller emphatically denies the widely-published report that he advised the passage of the river and harbor bill over the president's veto. He says that he happened to be in the senate chamber (on business connected with his own department) shortly before the vote was taken, but that so far from saying anything in favor of the vetoed bill he incidentally expressed to several senators his opinion that the bill was a very obnoxious measure and that the veto ought by all means to be sustained. Secretary Teller further remarks that he voted against the river and harbor bills that came before the senate when he was a member of that body; that he made speeches against four of them, and that as a matter of fact he regarded the last bill as much worse than any of its predecessors.

Disease Among Cattle.

READING, Pa., August 7.—Great excitement prevails in North Heidelberg town owing to the rapid spread of a disease that is killing many cows. Over thirty have died during the past few days on six different farms, and many new cases are reported There is a difference of opinion as to the disease. Some say it is rinderpest, others say pleuro-pneumonia, while others contend that death results from eating mildewed grass. The matter has been reported to the state authorities, as the local veterinary surgeons cannot stay the disease.

Congress Still Hanging on.

WASHINGTON, August 7.—The amendment offered in the senate this evening by Cameron, of Wis., for a final adjournment at 11 o'clock to-night, was defeated through the inability of the clerk to hear the response of Senator Bayard. Bayard voted in the affirmative, and had his vote been so recorded, the amendment would have been adopted.

Accident to Senator Dorsey.

WASHINGTON, August 7.—Ex-Senator Dorsey's coupe was overturned to-day by a heavy wagon. He received a cut on his head and had his knee injured. His injuries are not serious.

The War in Egypt.

ROME, August 8.—The newspapers here continue to display a very hostile feeling against England. They declare that the reconnoissance of Saturday was really a heavy defeat for the British, thinly disguised by official dispatches.

LONDON, August 8.—The correspondent of the *Times* at Berlin says it is believed there that the conference will be adjourned if the military operations in Egypt assume a more serious character, and that it will reassemble to discuss the Egyptian question after the campaign has terminated.

ALEXANDRIA, August 8.—6 p. m.—The guns of the iron-clad Temerane, which is now lying opposite Ramleh, cover the ground between the British line and outposts of the enemy. The Temerane has just commenced firing in consequence of the outpost making a forward movement. After a few shots from the Temerane the enemy abandoned their position. Two of those wounded in Saturday's engagement died to-day.

Congress Adjourns.

WASHINGTON, August 8.—The last hours of the first session of the Forty seventy congress were uneventful ones, and to the few spectators who were attracted to the capitol seemed tame in comparison with the scenes which are frequently attendant upon an adjournment. President Arthur, accompanied by his son, Secretary Folger and Attorney General Brewster, arrived at the capitol at a quarter past 2 o'clock and proceeded at once to the president's room, where Secretaries Lincoln and Chandler were already in waiting. The president was kept busily engaged for a half hour or more in signing the various bills which were submitted for his signature.

As soon as the senate had adjourned many of the members visited the president's room and an informal reception took place, and a mutual interchange of congratulations upon the termination of an unusually long and fatiguing session. The senate, though in executive session an hour and three-quarters, confirmed only one nomination, that of Mrs. Mary H. C. McCauslin, postmistress at Brovo city, Utah. The greater portion of the session was taken up in the reading and discussion of a treaty with Mexico.

France's New Ministry.

PARIS, August 8.—M. Duclere, the new premier, read his statement in the chamber to-day. He said it was the first duty of the government to declare how it regarded the recent vote refusing Egyptian credits in consequence of which vote the late ministry resigned and the present one assumed office. The new ministry considered it by no means an act of abdication but a vote of prudence and reserve and would loyally accept its spirit. If anything should occur during the recess involving the honor or interests of France the government would immediately convoke the chambers. There were internal questions no less important, but the government would consider them during the recess and would do its utmost to obtain liberal and progressive solutions. It would also be the object of the government to unite and conciliate the various sections of the republican majority. M. Clemence has declared his lack of confidence in the ministry. The session of the chambers will probably close to-morrow.

Patriotic Sons of America.

EASTON, August 9.—At this afternoon's session of the Patriotic Order Sons of America the following officers were elected: President, William Wieand, of Port Carbon; vice president, F. M. Keck, of Hazleton; master of forms and ceremonies, S. M. Helms, of Pine Grove; marshal, J. B. Bodine, of Mainsville; sergeant-at-arms, D. C. Kaseman, of Shamokin; trustees, J. S. Smith, of Reading; D. M. Sharp, of Lebanon; F. P. Speise, of Tamaqua.

EASTON, Pa., August 9.—At to-day's session of the state camp Patriotic Order of Sons of America, Hazelton was selected as the place for holding the session of 1883. J. R. Mast, of Reading, was appointed assistant state secretary; H. E. Holderman, Pottstown, sergeant-at-arms, and Rev. G. J. Hacker, Shamokin, state chaplain. After the installation of officers this evening the camp adjourned sine die. A grand ball was tendered the delegates at the opera house this evening by the home camps

The Gold Dust Disaster.

CAIRO, Ill., August 8.—The steamer "City of Alton," arrived here to-day from Hickman, Ky., with the wounded persons from the steamer "Gold Dust." Up to the time of leaving Hickman thirteen persons had died. Five lady passengers were on the Gold Dust and all of them were saved, only one, Mrs. Thornton, having been slightly scalded. Twelve wounded persons were left at Hickman as they could not be removed at present. All on board are doing well. Ten of the dead were buried at Hickman.

The Late Battle.

LONDON, August 7.—The *Observer* has the following dispatch:

"ALEXANDRIA, August 6.—Yesterday's engagement is the subject of general comment. In the opinion of military men of high professional experience nothing apparently has been gained to compensate for the heavy loss in killed and wounded. An armed train started to-day for Mahalla Junction to discover whether the rails had again been taken out."

Political Points.

BOSTON, August 9.—The prohibition state convention was held here to-day. Charles Almy, of New Bedford, was nominated for governor, and John Blacknaer, of Springfield, for lieutenant governor.

INDIANAPOLIS, Ind., August 9.—The republican state convention assembled here this morning. Richard W. Thompson was chosen permanent chairman. After the adoption of resolutions the present state officers were unanimously nominated.

MARYSVILLE, Ohio., August 9.—General James S. Robinson has been nominated for congress by the republicans of the North district.

CHATTANOOGA, Tenn., August 9.—J. C. Clements was to-day renominated to congress from the Seventh district.

BEARDSTOWN, Ills., August 9.—J. M. Riggs (democrat), of Scott county, was nominated for congress to-day.

TOLEDO, August 9.—The democrats of the Tenth Ohio district to-day nominated Frank H. Hurd for congress.

LYNCHBURG, Va., August 9.—The republican congressional convention for the Sixth district met here to-day, all the counties but one being represented, and nominated David I. Woodfin, of Buckingham, for congress. The coalition convention meets on the 16th and the democrats on the 13th inst.

DES MOINES, Iowa., August 9.—The greenbackers in the Eleventh district to-day nominated C. F. McCarty for congress.

CINCINNATI, Ohio., August 9.—The republicans of the Eighteenth district to-day renominated William McKinly, Jr., for congress.

The Coming Rifle Match

NEW YORK, August 9.—Preparations are making for the international military rifle match, which is to take place on September 15 and 16 at Creedmore. The National Rifle Association has issued an appeal to the public for funds to defray the expenses, and has arranged for a number of preliminary matches to determine who shall compose the American team. The final competition of winners in the various matches from whom the American team is to be selected, will take place on the 15th, 16th, 17th and 18th of the present month. Assistant Adjutant General Isaac F. Kingsbury, of Massachusetts, has issued a circular notifying the militia of the state that any one of their number who succeeds in obtaining a position on the American team will receive an allowance of $50. After the team is selected a full opportunity will be furnished for practice on the range. The range will be closed for preparation for the match on Monday, September 11. The choice of rifles to be used by the American team will be left to the decision of the team and its captain.

Storms in Ohio.

CLEVELAND, Ohio, August 9.—Reports continue to come in of widespread devastation by the recent storms in northern Ohio, which have been of unparalleled severity. A special from Wakemen says the storm there yesterday was accompanied by hail, which cut down crops and gardens over a considerable extent of territory. Thirty bridges were swept away. In Holmes county the oats crop is totally destroyed, the potatoes nearly all ruined and the corn greatly damaged. Whole farms on the hillside are denuded of soil as well as crops. Decaying vegetable matter on the bottom land has already become offensive and is producing sickness. Barns in many places were struck by lightning and burned with their stores. Losses of this character are numerous and very considerable in the aggregate.

A Chicago Tragedy.

CHICAGO, August 9.—At 10 o'clock last night, on Wentworth avenue, Dietrich Peterson, a cigar maker, fatally shot his former sweetheart, Frido Kreckemeir, and wounded her companion, Frances Kauss, and then blew out his own brains. The cause of the tragedy was the fact that the girl had cast him off. The first shot hit Miss Kauss by accident, whereupon Peterson followed his fleeing sweetheart half a block, firing at her. She has one bullet through her body and one in her neck, and cannot live. After she fell Peterson turned into a side street and put the pistol to his own head. He had tried to shoot her last spring, and was under bonds to keep the peace.

Wants His Speech Circulated.

INDIANAPOLIS, Ind., August 8.—In response to the offer of General Terrell, of the republican state central committee, to circulate ten thousand copies of Mr. William H. English's recent speech among the country republican clubs of Indiana, Mr. English replies accepting the proposition and only stipulating that the republican committee shall pay the cost of the preparation. The letter is bitterly sarcastic on the subject of temperance; of the republican methods in Indiana and expresses the utmost gratification at the sudden conversion of the republican committee.

Mr. Cushing has been living all by himself among the Zuni Indians for many years, And now the wonderful stories he is telling about his hairbreadth escapes and marvelous adventures in all that time. And the gaul of it is, you have to listen to them, because if you venture to express any doubts concerning the larger variety, all he has to do is to say, "What do you know about it? You weren't there," and there you are, you know.

Mr. Skillet read in a household journal that a man should treat his servant girl as he would his daughter. Mr. Skillet was in the habit of taking his daughter on his lap and kissing her, and as his servant was sweet eighteen and pretty, he undertook to treat her the same way, but his wife objected. She objected so violently that the lump on the left side of Skillet's head has not yet subsided.

Composed of the best known tonics, iron and cinchona, with well known aromatics, is Brown's Iron Bitters. It cures indigestion and all kindred troubles.

Talking about phrenological examinations, a man's wife examined his head the other day with the broken leg of an old chair, and pronounced him an old fool. He says that when he reflects on what a mistake he made in picking out a wife he is convinced that she is more than half right

Clear head and voice, easy breathing, sweet breath, perfect smell, taste and hearing, no cough, no distress. These are conditions brought about in catarrh by the use of Sanford's Radical cure. Complete treatment for $1.

One end of the Brooklyn bridge is falling down of old age, but they hope to have the other end completed in time to make some repairs on the first end before the other end falls down also.

My wife said I was a fool when I brought home a bottle of Parker's Ginger Tonic. But when it broke up my cough, drove away her neuralgia and cured baby's dysentery, she thought I had made a good investment.

Warner's Safe Kidney and Liver Cure.

"How do you feel, my little man?" asked a youth of his sweetheart's small brother. The young fiend looked up at him sidewise, and with a grin responded, "I feel just as if I'd like to have a penny." He got it, but his prospective brother-in-law now avoids the health question.

DIED.
November 15, 1881,
RICHARD HILLIARD,
OF
CONSUMPTION
brought on by a severe cold on the lungs, which might have been cured by one bottle of SINES' SYRUP OF TAR, WILD CHERRY AND HOARHOUND if taken in time.

Do not be unduly familiar, you will merit contempt if you are. Neither should you be dogmatic in your assertions, arrogating to yourself much consequence, in your opinions. Do not talk very loud. A firm, clear distinct yet mild, gentle and musical voice has great power

An Array of Facts.

Special Telegram.

CAIRO, N. Y.—Charles Hoffman, of this place, says: "I have used for a year or more Baxter's Mandrake Bitters and find they have been very beneficial to me, in fact cured me of dyspepsia in its worst form." Isaac Hoffman and Frank Rennie have also been cured of sick headache and dyspepsia by their use. Westel Salsbury says they have been used by himself and family to great advantage; have cured his daughter of sick headache. The Bitters seem to be just the thing for the diseases for which they are recommended. E. C. STEVENS.
Price 25 cts. per bottle.

We learn that among the latest adulterations more that one-half of the raspberry jam made in England is from decayed figs. The next thing we shall hear will be that they are making cheese from milkmen's discarded pumps.

Good Words from Druggists.

"Malt Bitters are the best 'bitters.'"
"They promote sleep and allay nervousness."
"Best liver and kidney medicine we sell."
"They knock the 'Chills' every time."
"Consumptive people gain flesh on them."
"Malt Bitters have no rivals in this own."
"Best thing for nursing mothers we have."
"We like to recommend Malt Bitters."

The initials "D. C." after Washington, my son, mean "Da Capo," a musical phrase, indicating that when anything is in danger of being accomplished there, it is to be done all over again.

Messrs. Ely Bros., Druggists, Owego, N. Y.—About a year since a gentleman from Orwell, Pa., called my attention to your Cream Balm as a remedy for catarrh, hay fever, etc. He was so earnest in asserting it to be a positive cure (himself having been cured by it), that I was induced to purchase a stock. I must say that the Balm has met my best expectations, having already effected a number of cures in this locality. I am using it with beneficial effects. Respectfully, P. F. HYAT, M. D., Bordentown, N. J. Oct. 26, 1880.

Having been afflicted with catarrh and cold in the head, I tried a great many remedies without any beneficial effects, at last I used Ely's Cream Balm, which effectually cured me. I consider it a duty I owe suffering humanity to recommend it to others suffering from the same, almost universal, American disease. W. H. I. HILARE, Dentist, Bordentown, N. J. Oct. 25, 1880.

Miscellaneous.

The Key to Fortune in all Avenues of Life
JULIA McNAIR WRIGHT'S
New Book, "Practical Life."
A handsome volume, over 600 pp., discussing individual culture, etiquette, business, love, marriage, etc.
Rev. Theo. L. Cuyler, D. D., says: "I am quite delighted with its admirable views and wholesome suggestions. It ought to be in every house."
The Central Baptist, St Louis, Mo., says: "It is a thoroughly good and beautiful book."
The Interior, Chicago, says: "It strikes us as the solidest and best from her pen."
The Pittsburg Christian Advocate says: "Its lessons need to be taught and enforced in every household."
Clear type, artistic binding, magnificent full page colored plates. Prices low. Terms liberal. Sales rapid. AGENTS WANTED EVERYWHERE. Send for particulars to
J. C. McCURDY & CO. Philadelphia, Pa. Cincinnati, O., Chicago, Ill., or St. Louis, Mo.,
14 22 2m

WANTED, SALESMEN.
To canvass for the sale of our Nursery Stock. Unequalled facilities. Salary and expenses paid. 500 acres of Fruit and Ornamental Trees, Shrubs, Roses, etc.
W. & T. SMITH, Geneva, N. Y.
14-29-4t

HARDWARE!
JAMES HARRIS & CO.,
ARE SELLING VERY LOW
REAPER SECTIONS AND REPAIRS,
And all kinds of Farming Tools.
RAKES FORKS SCYTHES CRADLES, SPROUT'S HAY FORKS,
ROPE BLOCKS, ETC., ETC.,
As well as all kinds of HARDWARE, to meet all demands in this line.

ALL THE LATEST STYLES IN GENTS' LOW SHOES AND SLIPPERS.
22-3m DOLL & MINGLE.

NOTICE TO INVESTORS!
First Mortgage Real Estate Loans,
made and guaranteed by the
Nebraska Loan & Trust Company,
HASTINGS, NEBRASKA.
School Bonds and Municipal Securities for sale. Best of references furnished Write for full particulars.
JAS. B. HEARTWELL, Pres. E. C. WEBSTER Treas.
14-29-4t

EVE'S DAUGHTERS!
or COMMON SENSE
For MAID, WIFE AND MOTHER, by Marion Harland, author of "Common Sense in the Household," etc. Highly commended by the Press as the Best Book ever published in the interest of her sex. No experimenting. 10,000 copies ordered by Agents in Advance of publication. Lady and gentleman canvassers making from $25 to $40 per week. Every family wants it. Liberal inducements to smart canvassers Apply at once for terms and choice territory. STEVENS & HALL,
14-29-4t 120 N. 7th st., Phila.

NOTICE.—Mrs. Hannah Williams, having left the bed and board of her husband, Charles Williams, on Saturday, August 5, he warns all persons not to trust her on his account. 14 31-1t

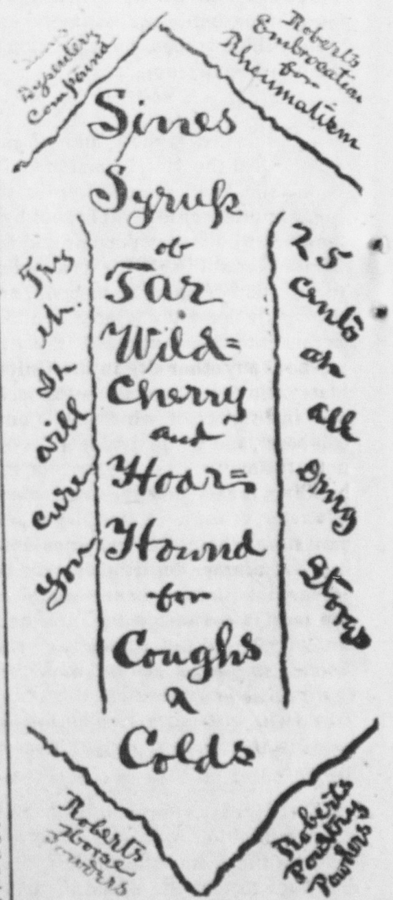
VOICE BUILDING BY MAIL!
VOICE DEFECTS successfully treated, impediments of speech removed and the voice intelligently and successfully cultivated through lessons by mail. Incredible results both in singing and speaking. Compass of voice extended several notes. Volume more than double. Quality of voice made absolutely pure and resonant throughout the entire compass. For Singers the advantages are almost beyond numbering. Public Speakers, Readers and Actors gain from their increased compass such richly modulated inflections, and from their enlarged volume of tone such striking contrasts of power, that the grand faults of monotony and mannerism give place to a varied and effective delivery. To Teachers of the Voice, whether for singing or elocution, these lessons afford a thoroughly digested plan for assailing all radical faults of throat or respiration, besides giving definitely the fundamental principles upon which artistic vocal efforts must be based. Circulars of full particulars free. Sample lessons one dollar. 14 29 4t
R. ELLIOTT CLARKE,
Voice Specialist.
1514 Chestnut street, Philadelphia, Pa.

1,000,000 Acres
Choice Lands
In the Great Wheat Belt. For sale by the WINONA & ST. PETER R. R. CO. at $2 to $6 per Acre, on easy terms, at low interest. Lowest fare and freight. Fare refunded to purchasers. A climate unsurpassed for healthfulness. The best market facilities. Guide and Maps giving full information FREE. Address CHAS. E. SIMMONS, Land Commissioner of Chicago & Northwestern Railway Co., Chicago, Illinois. Mention this paper.
IN MINNESOTA & DAKOTA
14-29-4t

WANTED.—A good wagon maker, to work on the woodwork of wagons only. Apply to E. P. McCORMICK, Wagonmaker, Phillipsburg, Pa. 14-29-3t

Miscellaneous.

BURCHFIELD'S
New Grocery Store,
just opened in the new Centre County Bank building,
High Street, BELLEFONTE, PA.,
Has everything
New, Fresh and Desirable.
The most extensive stock of
Groceries, Canned Goods, Spices,
Table Delicacies, Provisions,
Confectioneries, Glassware,
Stoneware, Queensware, Tobaccos,
Cigars, &c.
In this section of the state.
These goods will be sold at either wholesale or retail, and at prices to suit the times.
As everything in stock is perfectly fresh, and purchased for cash, I can guarantee the fullest satisfaction in both quality and price.
A cordial invitation is extended to everybody to call, and a fair share of the patronage of the people is respectfully requested.
14-19-1y



For sale by John Harris Druggist, Allegheny Street Bellefonte Pa, d&wMar17 1y

SPRING MILLS HOUSE,
SPRING MILLS, CENTRE CO., PA
The terminus of the Lewisburg and Tyrone R. R.
This is a New House and newly furnished with Everything tending to Comfort and Convenience of Guests.
The air is invigorating and perfectly free from Malaria, and particularly favorable for the restoration to health of persons afflicted with Pulmonary complaints, Malaria disorders and Hay Fever.
The Table is plentifully supplied with meats, milk and fresh vegetables and fruits in season, healthfully prepared and tastefully served.
GOOD STABLING ACCOMMODATIONS.
POPULAR PRICES:
Per day, (less than a week,) ..... $ 2 00
Per week, (less than a month,) 6 00
Per month, ... 20 00
All inquiry as to Rooms and Board will be promptly answered.
14-20-4f GEO. B. NASH, Manager.

SWAIM'S CELEBRATED PANACEA
This old and well-tried Remedy has proven its value in all diseases from *Impure* or *Impoverished Blood*, as Scrofula, Rheumatism, Ulcerous Sores, White Swellings, Syphilitic Nodes, Bone Diseases, etc. Invaluable in General Debility and diseases of debility of the aged. A rich syrup, containing no injurious ingredients. No other Remedy has received such encomiums. Sold by all Druggists.
14-30-4t

ADDITIONAL LOCAL NEWS

—The use of the street sprinkler is apparent at present.

—A picnic party visited Snow Shoe Intersection last Thursday.

—George Potter, Jr., is spending his periodical vacation at home.

—Workmen are engaged repairing the High street bridge across Spring creek.

—Miss Montgomery, of Muncy, is the guest of Mrs. Hammon Sechler, of Linn street.

—The remains of Lieutenant De-Long are to removed to this country for interment.

—Ex-Senator Wallace is preparing the greatest effort of his life for delivery throughout the State.

—The days are growing noticeably shorter, as is also the time that elapses before the end of the year.

—Rev. Wakefield, who is canvassing for the "Life of General Beaver," arrived in town Thursday morning.

—Mr. Jacob Cole was quite severely injured on Monday of last week by being cut on one of his knees. We did not learn the particulars.

—Tennyson is an inveterate smoker and uses common white clay pipes. Remember that, "Airy, Fairy Lilian," when you read his productions.

—If the average Lock Haven youth can procure a twenty-five cent tinsel to attach to his watch chain and hang below his vest he is ecstatically happy.

—Many cases of severe illness in Bellefonte suggest that the weather or some other element that has effect upon humanity is not all that can be desired.

—Bellefonte scientists are discussing the possibility of preserving some of the superfluous heat now wasting itself on the desert air to utilize next winter.

—The Fifth regiment inspection took place at Lewistown on Tuesday and was pronounced "very superior" by no less military authority than Major General Latta.

—The residence of Mr. Isaac Thomas, when completed, will be one of the finest in the borough. The stable located on the premises will be finished in a short time.

—Vacant houses are now more more numerous than in April last and unless some new industries are put in operation soon rents will probably descend to a reasonable basis.

—It is suggested as a valuable hint to the Borough Council to remove some of the thistles now growing so luxuriantly in public highways and vacant lots within the borough limits.

—Our Philipsburg correspondent, "Dan De Quille," furnishes us some very acceptable items, which are printed in this issue. They are bright, readable, replete with news—just the kind an editor longs for.

—The high constable has not yet impounded any cows, although he is patiently waiting a convenient opportunity to descend upon the fine bovines owned by some of our prominent citizens. A word in season.

—Summer showers are an almost daily occurrence, but they are rather disagreeable to people who go a great distance to their homes for the noontime repast, as they always manage to put in appearance about that time of day.

—Mrs. A. G. Curtin, accompanied by her daughter, Miss Kate, arrived home last Wednesday, to grace the ex Governor's mansion with their presence. Both ladies appear to be in excellent health. Ex-Governor Curtin followed on Saturday.

—A charter has been granted for the Centre county coal and iron company, formed for the purpose of mining and preparing iron and coal in this and Clinton counties, with a capital of $150,000. The business office is in Philadelphia. New York and Philadelphia parties own the stock.

—Watch the heavens, at night, for the regular August shower of meteors, which never fail to appear about this time of the year, and are more numerous than at any other period except in November. "The fiery tears of St. Lawrence" is the name given to the August meteors by the poetry and superstition of the past, because they fail on the aniversary of the day made memorable by the martyrdom of the famous saint.

—Our exchanges are filled with announcements of picnics for the benefit of the children connected with the several Sunday-schools of the respective places, but thus far not one Bellefonte Sunday-school, except that at Valentines' works, has seen fit to treat its members to this kind of amusement. Yet we hear complaints of small attendance. If children are to be encouraged to attend, the old-fashioned picnic should not be discarded, as youthful natures ever remain the same.

TWO HOURS' WORK.

The Democratic Convention on Tuesday—A Full Ticket Nominated.

The delegates to the Democratic county convention elected on Saturday came to town in conveyances and by rail on Tuesday and soon made the town lively by their presence. They were, withal, a very gentlemanly assemblage of men and during the hours of Tuesday morning stood on the street corners, in hotel corridors or in the business offices, deeply intent in discussing the prospects of candidates and the proceedings of the convention.

The appointed hour for the convention—2 p. m.—arrived, and the delegates surged into the court house. Together with those who came to view the proceedings, the auditorium of the court room was about one-half filled and the space within the bar entirely occupied by delegates.

H. Y. Stitzer, Esq., was elected President of the convention and the necessary Vice Presidents chosen to support him.

The Secretaries were Pierce Musser, J.W. Runkle and William Kurtz.

On motion, the following changes were made in the delegates: W. A. Ishler was substituted for A. Y. Wagner, of Benner township; F. P. Musser for J. C. Smith, of Millheim borough, and Nelson A. Lucas for Howard Lucas, of Spring township.

The first nomination in order—that of Congressman—was made by W. C. Heinle, Esq., who named the present distinguished representative, Hon. A. G. Curtin, his nomination being made by acclamation.

Mr. Heimach, of Philipsburg, nominated Hon. C. T. Alexander for State Senator. He was also nominated by acclamation.

During the further course of the proceedings the following resolution was offered by Capt. Hunter:

Resolved, That the Democrats of Centre county cordially endorse the course of Hon. A. G. Curtin in Congress and Hon C. T. Alexander as a member of the State Senate, and that we will hail with pleasure their nomination.

Balser Weber, of Howard, nominated J. A. Woodward for the legislature; Dunkle, of Walker, nominated P. S. Fisher; Heinle nominated B. F. Hunter; John A. Roop, of College township, nominated B. F. Taylor Prof. Henry Meyer was also nominated. The first ballot resulted as follows:

Woodward	34
Fisher	25
Hunter	53
Taylor	26
Meyer	44

B. F. Hunter was declared the choice of the convention for the first candidate and the following ballot was taken for a second candidate, the name of John A. Woodward being withdrawn:

Fisher	17
Taylor	29
Meyer	49

Prof. Henry Meyer was declared the nominee of the convention.

Nominations were made for jury commissioner, the first ballot resulting as follows:

J. H. Tolbert	33
J. R. Smith	10
W. F. Meyer	11
W. H. Smith	22
T. F. Reilly	16

The chair declared that there was no choice and after the name of W. F. Meyer was withdrawn another ballot was taken as follows:

J. H. Tolbert	49
W. H. Smith	21
J. R. Smith	5
T. F. Reilly	6

J. H. Tolbert was declared the choice of the convention for jury commissioner.

Nominations for coroner followed. The ballot shows that Dr. Hoy, of this place, made a clean sweep of the convention, distancing all his competitors in the first heat:

Hoy	63
Moore	7
Adams	11
Mingle	4
Rothrock	2

Dr. Hoy was called on for a speech, but responded with only a bow.

W. C. Heinle, Esq., was nominated for chairman of the county committee for the ensuing year and elected by acclamation. In response to loud calls he said that he would be a good Democrat all his life.

J. N. Cassanova, of Philipsburg, and J. H. Reifsnyder, of Millheim, were appointed delegates to the State Convention, with Solomon Peck, of Nittany, and J. A. Botorf, of Ferguson township, additional delegates in case the county is entitled to four delegates.

Major R. H. Forster was appointed a member of the State Committee.

The convention adjourned at about 3:45 o'clock, having nominated a full ticket in less than two hours.

—General Beaver must be growing corpulent, for the Lewistown correspondent of the Philadelphia *Times* says he "he fills a larger place in this camp than in any other that I have ever attended."

—Pennsylvania has a larger number of post-offices than any other State in the Union.

Meeting of the Boat Club.

The newly organized boat club met in the office of W. F. Reber, Esq., on Monday evening of last week.

On motion, Mr. Isaac Mitchell was appointed temporary chairman and F. E. Bible secretary.

Mr. Brockerhoff stated that thirty-five members had signed and two boats were ordered—one four-oared family boat and one single scull.

On motion of J. W. Gephart, Esq., a committee of five was appointed to draw the rules of organization for the club. The chairman appointed Messrs Gephart, McClain, Hoffer, Reber and McFarlane.

On motion, Mr. Joseph Brockerhoff was made temporary treasurer.

On motion, the purchase of boats by Mr. Brockerhoff was ratified.

On motion, a committee of three was appointed to enter into a contract for a boat house. The committee is composed of Messrs. Blair, Brockerhoff and Lane.

On motion, the club adjourned to meet on Monday evening, the committee or organization to be present on that evening and report. The secretary was requested to notify all members of the meeting.

—Says the Altoona *Tribune* of the 8th inst.: "Brother Conrad, of the McVeytown *Journal*, was hereaways yesterday on business connected with the annual excursion of the printers of the Juniata valley. All the arrangements are now completed and it is hoped a pleasant time will be had at Bellefonte. Editors McClure and Smith, of Philadelphia, and other distinguished guests have been invited." It also says further: "A gentleman connected with the press is anxious that something be said to caution "the boys" against drinking or in any other manner bringing discredit on the craft on the occasion of the excursion to Bellefonte on the 1st prox. We incline to the opinion that the printers will need no caution in that direction. Each one will be mindful of the reputation of the office of which he is a representative, and we are persuaded that there will be a generous rivalry in the direction of gentlemanly deportment and good breeding. The fact is that true printers are true gentlemen. It is only sham printers who make blackguards of themselves when on a pleasure trip."

The Lemont Band Festival.

The grand festival of the Lemont Y. A. Cornet Band held on the evenings of the 4th and 5th of August, proved a success financially as well as socially. On Saturday evening, especially, the crowd assembled was immense and every one present appeared to enjoy the life and stir of the occasion, as well as the good things which were prepared for the satisfying of the inner man.

The band feels highly pleased with the liberal patronage which was tendered it and extends its heartiest thanks to all present, and more especially to those whose liberal gifts and kind assistance helped to make the festival a success. The thanks of all are likewise due to that excellent organization, the "Zion Cornet Band," for the soul stirring music which it furnished. Zion may well be proud of its band and feel assured that its visit to Lemont will be remembered by all as one of the pleasant things of the past, both on account of the sweet music which it rendered, and also the fine deportment of its members.

The Sunday School Convention.

The readers of the REPUBLICAN will remember

First—that the place of meeting is in the Centre Hill Presbyterian church and the time, Thursday, Aug. 17th.

Second—that the convention opens at 9.30 a. m., the p. m. session not later than 1:30. It is very essentia that all in attendance be promptly on time. All Sunday school workers are welcome to participate in the discussions.

Third—that all families coming to the forenoon sessions to remain for the afternoon are desired to bring a basket lunch to be taken at the church during the noon recess. Delegates desiring entertainment or homes during the convention will forward their names as soon as possible to Rev. W. K. Foster, Centre Hall.

Pastors as well as Superintendents will favor the Association by giving public notice of the convention on Sunday, the 13th.

—It is said that copious showers of rain just now will cause the corn to ear properly; or, in other words, the rain will put a corn ear on it. Then the speculator, if he is not watched, will force a corne(a)r in corn, and whether there is rain or not, the unfortunate consumer will probably be cornered into paying a high price for the precious corn ears.

—People who go down to the sea shore usually see it, sure.

Death in the Lightning.

The very light storm which prevailed in this place on Monday of last week developed into one of considerable violence at Fillmore, accompanied by flashes of lightning which in one instance came with deadly effect. The victim was a promising young man. His name is Wm. F. Heckman and he is a son of Daniel Heckman, who lives near that place. The young man was riding into the barn on a load of oats, when the deadly shaft struck the building, and instantly killed him in its rapid descent. It also knocked down the horses and four or five other men who were in the barn at the time. The fatal result of this terrible catastrophe will be deeply regretted by all who knew the young man.

LATER.

William F., son of Daniel Heckman, of Fillmore, who was killed by lightning on Monday, was 17 years, 2 months and 11 days old. The funeral services took place on Tuesday. The body was followed to the place of interment by a large number of people. He was an only son and a bright, intelligent young man.

—An exciting runaway took place on last Wednesday evening. A spirited horse belonging to Mr. John Royer, who resides on the Milliken farm, was attached to a buggy and fastened to the hitching post in front of the grocery store of W. E. Burchfield. The animal was restless all the evening and at last broke loose, dashing madly up High street and south along Allegheny, making a bee line towards the saloon of the Butts House. On reaching the pavement in front of the establishment, it probably reconsidered the idea of taking anything stronger than water and ran east along the pavement until caught. In its course through town the buggy struck another vehicle, damaging it slightly. Neither vehicle was damaged to any considerable extent, however.

At Lewistown on Monday.

The Second brigade dress parade, which was the chief event of Monday at the National Guard encampment, is described as one of the grandest spectacles which ever took place at such gatherings. The Brigade includes the Fifth, Fourteenth, Fifteenth Sixteenth and Eighteenth regiments, altogether 2,900 men, General Beaver commanding. The Fifth regiment numbers 454 men, including nine field and staff officers, five non-commissioned staff officers and twenty-four company officers, leaving 416 men. During the day Captain Statler, of Company I, of Bedford, was overcome by the heat, as were also a number of the privates.

Borough Council Notes.

Two items of business transacted at the meeting of Borough Council on Monday night are sufficiently important for publication:

A water pipe was directed to be laid from the Thomas mansion to the railroad crossing near the glass works, the Glass Works Company agreeing to pay water tax of not less than 8 per cent. on the investment annually.

The Street Committee and Borough Engineer reported to Council that many boardwalks, streets and gutters are in need of repair. The report was approved, and instructions were given to proceed according to ordinance in making the necessary repairs and improvements.

GUNS

I am now opening a new stock of
Breech-Loading Double Guns,
Winchester Rifles,
Revolvers, Cutlery,
Cartridges,
B. L. Implements,
and a general stock of
SPORTING AMMUNITION,
Shot at Wholesale and Retail
(Chilled and Soft.)
Shot Gun Cartridges Loaded to Order.
Breech and Muzzle Loading Guns Carefully Repaired.
Also agent for the Pittsburgh
New Family Sewing Machine,
Gun and Machine Oils, Needles and Sewing Machine Attachments.
SHOP, NO. 44, HIGH STREET,
BELLEFONTE, PA.
14-30-3m

Nets! Nets! Nets!
At SCHOFIELD'S,
Spring Street, Bellefonte, Pa.
I have on hand a large stock of Fly Nets, which, as the season is now far advanced, I will sell at a reduction of
25 PER CENT.
Great Bargains. Call Immediately.
14-30tf JAMES SCHOFIELD.

New Advertisements.

Cuticura
THE NEW BLOOD PURIFIER
Resolvent

I will now state that I made a miraculous cure of one of the worst cases of skin disease known. The patient is a man forty years old; had suffered fifteen years. His eyes, scalp and nearly his whole body presented a frightful appearance. Had had the attention of twelve different physicians, who prescribed the best remedies known to the profession, such as iodide potassium, arsenic, corrosive sublimate, sarsaparilla, etc. Had paid $500 for medical treatment with but little relief. I prevailed upon him to use Cuticura Resolvent internally, and the Cuticura and Cuticura Soap externally. He did so and was *completely cured*. The skin on his head, face, and many other parts of his body, which presented a most loathsome appearance, is now as soft and smooth as an infant's, with no scar or trace of the disease left behind. He has now been cured twelve months.
Reported by
F. H. BROWN, Esq., Barnwell, S. C.

SCROFULA SORE.

Rev. Dr. ——, in detailing his experience with the Cuticura Remedies, said that through Divine Providence one of his parishioners was cured of a scrofulous sore, which was slowly draining away his life, by the Cuticura Resolvent internally, and Cuticura and Cuticura Soap externally. The poison that had fed the disease was completely driven out.

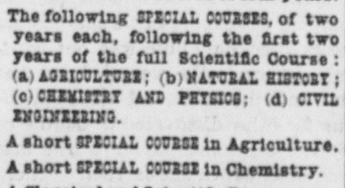
ECZEMA.

Sixteen months since an eruption broke out on my legs and both feet, which turned out to be Eczema, and caused me great pain and annoyance. I tried various remedies with no good results, until I used the Cuticura Resolvent internally, and Cuticura and Cuticura Soap externally, which entirely cured me so that my skin is as smooth and natural as ever.
LEN. M. FRAILEY, 64 South St., Baltimore.

CUTICURA.

The Cuticura treatment for the cure of Skin Scalp and Blood Diseases, consists in the internal use of Cuticura Resolvent, the new Blood Purifier, and the external use of Cuticura and Cuticura Soap, the Great Skin Cures.
Price of Cuticura, Small boxes, 50c.; large boxes, $1.00. Cuticura Resolvent, $1.00 per bottle. Cuticura Soap, 25c.; Cuticura Shaving Soap, 15c.
Depot, WEEKS & POTTER, Boston, Mass.

CATARRH



Sanford's Radical Cure.

Head Colds, Watery Discharges from the Nose and Eyes, Ringing Noises in the Head, Nervous Headache and Chills and Fever instantly relieved.
Choking, putrid mucus is dislodged, membrane cleansed, disinfected and healed, breath sweetened, and smell, taste and hearing restored and constitutional ravages checked.
Cough, Bronchitis, Droppings into the Throat, Pains in the Chest, Dyspepsia, Wasting of Strength and Flesh, Loss of Sleep, &c., cured.
One bottle Radical Cure, one box Catarrhal Solvent and Sanford's Inhaler, all in one package, of all druggists, for $1. Ask for Sanford's Radical Cure.
WEEKS & POTTER, Boston.

COLLINS' LIGHTNING PLASTERS
Is not quicker than COLLINS' VOLTAIC PLASTERS in relieving pain and weakness of the Kidneys, Liver and Lungs, Rheumatism, Neuralgia, Hysteria, Female Weakness, Malaria, and Fever and Ague.
Price 25 cents. Sold everywhere.

PENNSYLVANIA
STATE COLLEGE.
Fall Term Opens August 25.

This institution is located in one of the most beautiful and healthful spots of the entire Allegheny region. It is open to students of both sexes, and offers the following Courses of Study:
1. A Full Classical Course of four years.
2. A Full Scientific Course of four years.
3. The following SPECIAL COURSES, of two years each, following the first two years of the full Scientific Course: (a) AGRICULTURE; (b) NATURAL HISTORY; (c) CHEMISTRY AND PHYSICS; (d) CIVIL ENGINEERING.
4. A short SPECIAL COURSE in Agriculture.
5. A short SPECIAL COURSE in Chemistry.
6. A Classical and Scientific Preparatory Course.

Military drill is required. Expenses for board and incidentals very low. Tuition free. Young ladies under charge of a competent lady Principal.
For Catalogues, or other information, address GEO. W. ATHERTON, *President*,
14-28-tf *State College, Centre Co., Pa.*

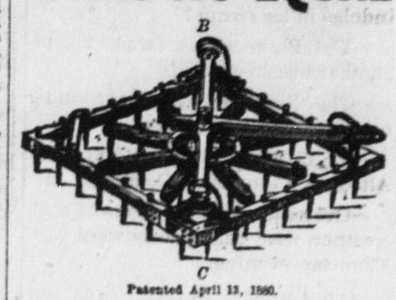
THE FINEST LINE OF
MEN'S WEAR
ever brought to bellefonte. Cheap as trash is generally sold for.
DOLL & MINGLE.

W. P. Duncan & Co.,
BELLEFONTE, PA.
ENGINEERS & MACHINISTS
BELLEFONTE
PATENT WATER WHEEL,
STEAM ENGINES,
CIRCULAR SAW MILLS,
ROLLING MILL
AN
Grist Mill Machinery
5 46a812-tf

FINE SHOES MADE TO ORDER AT
Doll & Mingle's.
22-3m

Miscellaneous.

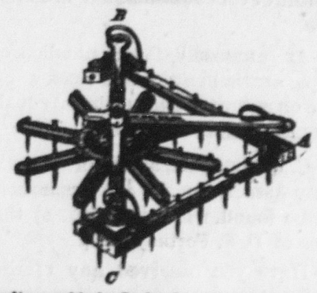
THE PENN HARROW
BEST IN THE WORLD
IT HAS NO EQUAL



Patented April 13, 1880.

The above cut represents the Penn Harrow complete, with all its combinations of **Five Harrows and a sled for each Harrow**; and each succeeding change is made from this Harrow without the least additional expense. By hooking the team to either point, B or C, the center revolves and gives the ground Two Strokes and Two Crossings in passing over it once, making it **the most effective pulverizer in the market.**
THIS HARROW HAS ONLY TO BE USED TO BE APPRECIATED.
See it before purchasing and you will buy no other.

The Penn Harrow
CHANGED TO A THREE-CORNER ROTARY HARROW.

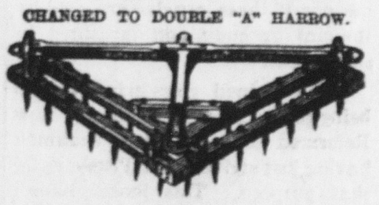


Indispensable for Orchards, as the revolving wheel harrows right up to and all around the trees without barking them.

The Penn Harrow
CHANGED TO SINGLE "A" HARROW.

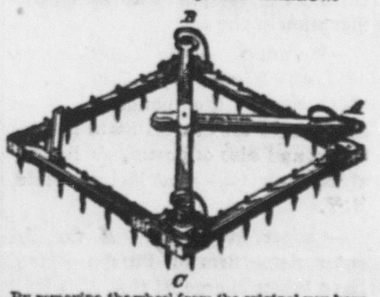
By removing the wing and wheel from the original you have a complete one-horse "A" Harrow.

The Penn Harrow
CHANGED TO DOUBLE "A" HARROW.



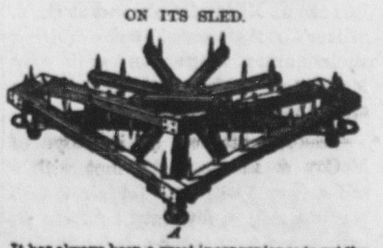
Remove the wheel from the original, reverse the wing, and it makes the most complete Double "A" Harrow in the market.

The Penn Harrow
CHANGED TO A SQUARE HARROW.



By removing the wheel from the original you have a Harrow with three points to hook to. By hooking to B or C you can harrow in a furrow, and harrow the bottom and both sides, or over a ridge and harrow the top and both sides, or you can lift either point and have three points on the ground—**something that cannot be done with any other Harrow.**

The Penn Harrow
ON ITS SLED.



It has always been a great inconvenience to get the Harrow to and from the field. The Penn Harrow obviates this, as no matter which Harrow you wish to use in the combination, **it has its own sled to haul it on.**

The Penn Harrow
Is made of the **best white oak, with steel teeth, well painted, in every way first-class.** Formerly a harrow was the most unhandy implement on the farm; with our improvement it is the most convenient, **will do double the work of any other harrow and save the farmer half his labor, and is warranted to do all we represent or money refunded. ORDER AT ONCE AND BE CONVINCED.**
Price of the light draft Combination Penn Harrow, **$30.** *Send for a Catalogue and see what farmers say.*
AGENTS WANTED IN EVERY COUNTY.
PENN HARROW MANUFACTURING CO.
CAMDEN, N. J.

MEN'S WHOLE STOCK BROGANS, $1.00
WOMEN'S CARPET SLIPPERS, 25c.
WOMEN'S LASTING SLIPPERS, 50c.
MEN'S CARPET SLIPPERS, 50c,
WOMEN'S BUTTON SHOES, $1.25.
WOMEN'S, WALKING SHOES, $100
DOLL & MINGLE.
14-22-3m

Bellefonte Republican.

EDWARD T. TUTEN. - - Editor.

Terms, $2.00 per annum in Advance

Local Department.

—Williamsport is affected with the sunflower mania.

—Does the coffee house continue to indulge in ice cream?

—The Pinkneys threaten to hold another bush meeting.

—The "Pinkneys" are highly indignant—about six feet high.

—P. T. Barnum's circus will visit Altoona on the 5th of October.

—Overcoats, the harbingers of cool weather, were numerously worn last Thursday evening.

—Prothonotary Harper is erecting a brick residence, the material now being hauled for that purpose.

—The circus parade took place at about 10 o'clock on Saturday. There were no startling features about it.

—A new barber shop was in operation on Bishop street on Saturday night, making the fifth in Bellefonte.

—The wedding Thursday evening was one of the most impressive and beautiful ever consummated in Bellefonte.

—An unusually large number of people arrived on the 10 o'clock a. m. train on Saturday and an almost equally large number departed.

—C. R. Gearhart, agent of the Fidelity Association for life insurance, can be found, when in town, at the office of D. F. Fortney, Esq.

—Have you observed any of the August metors, or are you disinclined to scan the heavens at hours when slumber should control the senses?

—The Houtzdale *Observer* came to us last week looking rather queer, its title being contracted into a small space and extending across only four columns. It is an improvement.

—On Thursday of last week the familiar name of Edwin T. Garman was registered at the Summit House, Mount Washington. We hear that Ed. is enjoying his trip very much.

—It is perfectly proper to see peas, beans, berries, &c., in ordinary strawberry boxes, but it becomes a misdemeanor if these articles are sold by the pint or quart and measured in such boxes.

—The stained glass windows are being placed in position in the new Reformed church edifice, workmen having just arrived from Pittsburg for that purpose. This looks like a speedy completion of the building.

—It is said that Supt. S. S. Blair, on Thursday, detained a regular passenger train one hour and a half, for his own personal convenience, and our citizens express great surprise and indignation at the act.

—We notice by the *Daily Journal*, of Lock Haven, that Prof. S. T. Stephenson, the penman, is a graduate of the Central State Normal School and also of Eastman's National Business College at Poughkeepsie, N. Y.

—Cooper, Stephenson & Co., an enterprising firm of Pittsburg men, have taken charge of the Mill Hall Furnace and are now repairing it for active operations. The arrangements will be completed in about three weeks.

—Cards executed by S. T. Stephenson, the accomplished penman, may be seen at Miller & Co's and at H. Y. Stitzer's bookstore. Persons desiring their names written on cards may leave their cards and their orders at either of the above places.

—George Stanley, an employe of McCoy & Linn's works, met with a sad accident while in McClain & Co's planing mill a few days ago. In an unguarded moment, he extended his hand too close to a circular saw and the dangerous instrument cut off his fingers. The accident will necessarily compell him to remain idle for a considerable time.

—The sidewalks in some places in this city have been strewn with leaves that fell from the shade trees from some unknown cause.—*Lock Haven Express.* It's the attraction of gravitation that causes the leaves to *fall* in Lock Haven as well as in other places. Now, if they had ascended the words "from some unknown cause" would have been applicable.

—The army worm, not content with out-door vegetation in the gardens of Lock Haven, enters private houses and attempts to devour the inmates. The *Journal* is the source from which we glean this fact, and it is accounted for on the supposition that the hungry worm is in search of something *green* and finds nothing better suited to appease its appetite than the verdant inhabitants of that little city.

INTERESTING REMINISCENCES.

As They Exist in the Recollection of an Old Inhabitant.

For the REPUBLICAN.

MR. EDITOR: As there are comparitively few people living in this part of the country who have a personal recollection of the character of that portion of the county lying between what was formerly called the end of the mountain and Bellefonte, sixty years ago, I thought a little local history would not prove uninteresting to your readers. There are a great many interesting events connected with the earlier history of the county that live only in tradition and, if embodied in some form by which they could be preserved, they would be appreciated by future generations, but unfortunately they are gradually being forgotten as the older residents who have their keeping pass away.

At the time of which I write, sixty years ago, as the road was then located, the distance from the end of the mountain, now Lemont, was eight miles. There were then no settlements except where William Grove now lives and a small farm about two miles from Bellefonte. All that section of country which the road traversed was known as the *barrens*, where the wild animals roamed in great numbers. I remember well where George Coble, a celebrated hunter living near the end of the mountain, killed six deer in one day in the neighborhood of the farm now owned by William Grove.

On one occasion P. M. Cambridge was traveling from the end of the mountain to Bellefonte. In the big hollow where W. F. Reynolds' farm now is a panther sprang at him, striking the horse with one paw and leaving the prints of the paw on the horse's back; with the other he tore a piece out of an old-fashioned cape overcoat Cambridge wore.

The horse was so badly frightened that he became unmanageable and ran all the way to Bellefonte before Cambridge could stop him.

The next day a party went to the place where it happened and found the piece of coat lying on a log along the road. I suppose the panther went back to watch for some other person.

In 1822 George Coble shot the panther, which was a very large one. That same winter he shot and trapped five wolves. He had some exciting chases before he captured them.

At that time people were in the habit of turning their cattle into the woods for pasture and a great many were killed by these animals.

Now that whole body of land is cleared out and what, but a comparatively few years since, was a wilderness, is now a prosperous farming community. Some of the farms have been sold as high as one hundred dollars per acre.

Along that same road, where the Hublersburg road intersects it near Michael Grove's residence, there was supposed to have been a murder committed. One day in the spring of 1827 I passed the place and there was nothing unusual in the appearance of things. The next day I passed again and noticed that a number of trees had been cut and had fallen across a sink hole near the road. The circumstance did not excite any suspicion at the time, although it attracted my attention. I concluded it had been done for the purpose of keeping cattle out. Some years after that Coble was out hunting pigeons. He wounded one that flew into the brush and while searching for it he discovered a bundle of clothes concealed under a tree that had been blown out of root. There was also a hat wrapped up with them. Upon opening the clothes they were covered with blood. Although they had evidently lain there for some time, the blood appeared quite fresh. The discovery created a great excitement, and people gathered from the surrounding country as far as Bellefonte to make search, thinking they could find the skeleton of a man.

Having failed to find any clue the excitement finally subsided, and in course of time the matter was almost forgotten.

At the time this occurred there was a man by the name of Henry living at the end of the mountain who afterward moved to the state of Indiana. In the summer of 1850 two young men, the one representing himself as the son of Henry, came to the end of the mountain in search of money. He said that his father, while learning the smith trade in the old tilt hammer shop at the end of the mountain, had dreamed every night in succession for a whole week that there was a box of money hidden in that sink hole; that he had gone there and found it, but was afraid to take it out and had felled those trees across to mark the place. He also said that his father had made a pick and shovel to come himself, but about the time he intended starting he sickened and died; that just before his father's death he gave him directions where to find the money and requested him to come and get it.

They had tools with them and asked permission to dig. They worked only at night. Many persons were attracted to the place through curiosity. One night after they had been digging for some time they sank a crow-bar down and some of the men standing around thought they heard it strike iron. The two men then said they would quit for that night and the people separated. The next morning they were gone and never were seen afterward. It was supposed they came back after the people left and took the box out.

I never believed those two men, strangers as they were, could have found the place without being shown by some person who was well acquainted. The sink hole was filled almost even with the surface and the the surroundings were so much changed that any one who had not observed the changes could not recognize the place. I always was of the opinion that the young man's father was secreted in the woods and gave them directions.

It appears very much as though all these circumstances were connected, and solve the mystery of the bloody clothes. CHRISTIAN DALE, SR.

Death of Robert Pruner.

The sad news was flashed along the wires on Saturday that Robert Pruner, a well known resident of this place, was run over by the cars at East Tyrone Friday night and died the next day at 6 o'clock. This is all the particulars the telegram brought, but it was enough to cause sorrow in the households of his relatives here, to whom he was an object of great affection. His brother, Edward Pruner, is a prominent citizen of Tyrone. Another brother, Joseph, and two sisters, Miss Margaret Pruner and Mrs. Hoffer, reside in this place.

LATER.

The REPUBLICAN received the following from our regular correspondent, relating the particulars of Robert's accident and death. He says:

VAIL, Aug. 12, 1882.

Last night about 10.10 o'clock Robert Pruner, of Bellefonte, was walking up the main track in the P. R. R. Company's yard at East Tyrone when engine No. 780 was pulling a train out of No. 1 loaded car siding prior to going to Lock Haven. As the engine was backing down at the time the engineer did not see him. He was knocked down, his right arm being broken at the elbow and badly smashed. It was amputated by the Company's surgeon above the elbow. He died at 6 o'clock this morning.

B.

The funeral services over the remains of the late Robert Pruner were held at his late residence on Sunday afternoon at 4 o'clock. His brother, Mr. Edward Pruner, of Tyrone, arrived at about 3.50 o'clock, just in time to see his brother's face before the body was laid in its last resting place. There was a very large attendance. Revs. Pennypacker and DeLong were present and the services were very impressive, a long procession of mourners following the body to the silent city of the dead on Howard street. Six of deceased's fellow workmen from the machine shops and an equal number of members of Gregg Post officiated as pall bearers. Among the relatives who were present from a distance were Mr. and Mrs. Martin Haines, of Tyrone.

Birthday Party.

A very enjoyable gathering took place at the residence of Mr. and Mrs. Abednego Williams, of Martha Furnace, on Friday, the 4th instant, it being the celebration of the 34th birthday of Mr. Williams. There was a large assemblage of relatives and friends and the time was spent in a manner which proved agreeable to all. Among the presents received by Mr. Williams, the following may be enumerated:

Mrs. Hayes Hartsock, one pair of pickle dishes; Mrs. J. C. Hoover, of Julian, two fruit dishes; Mrs. K. Williams, one sauce dish; Mrs. Mary A. Williams, a sponge cake; Mrs. Katie Williams, wife of Abednego Williams, hand-knit socks; Misses Jennie Hartsock, one tidy; Allie Hartsock, goblets; Sallie Williams, sauce dish; Orrie Smith, jelly cake; Sadie Brown, jelly cake; Mr. William Bumgardner, fruit dish; Mr. Henry Hartsock, fruit dish.

It is the wish of his friends that Mr. Williams may enjoy many more equally happy birthdays.

—The hotel at Port Matilda, conducted by Mrs. John Hasson, is a very attractive resort for strangers who go to that place. Persons who make the hotel their home while at Port Matilda may be sure of excellent entertainment and will receive every attention. It is as much like home life as can be found anywhere outside of home itself.

PHILIPSBURG PICKINGS.

A Racy and Readable Summary of Weekly Events in the Metropolis of Centre County.

PHILIPSBURG, Aug. 8, 1882.

Heavy showers of rain are numerous on this side of the mountain today.

Safe burglaries are so frequent in the neighboring towns of this region, that merchants have notified the public to the effect that "this safe is not locked."

An electric light company was organized here last evening with a subscribed capital of $8000. D. W. Holt was elected President; J. N. Cassanova, treasurer pro tem; J. A. Lindsay, secretary; directors, W. E. Irvin, Wm. P. Duncan, J. O. Loraine, J. N. Cassanova and H. K. Grant. A contract was made with A. M. Renshaw, agent of the Philadelphia Electric Light Company, to put in the Weston electric light. It is expected that our town will be lighted by the 15th of September. The power necessary will be produced at the Cold Stream dam, for which, or for the water to produce which, the sum of $600 per year will be paid.

From the tone of your mining correspondent at this place, I take it he is a member of the Knights of Labor. At all events he seems to think that the attitude of the coal operators toward the striking miners, in the late demand for an increase of pay, was very inhuman and unjust. Then, too, there was a principle involved—that is, the Knights of Labor asked to be reorganized as a body—having a voice in the controling of the price of labor in this region. Your present scribe must give it as his opinion, and as the opinion, also, of at least nine out of ten of the people here, that the action of the operators in the late strike was about as nearly right as it was possible to be in such cases. The strike ended just exactly where it should end under the circumstances of the case, and where we all knew it would end when it began.

Sewing machine agents, canvassers, book agents, and venders of this and that are more plenty in these parts than flies in dog days. These diverse callings are lawful, and in many cases they display to us an ingenuity, an enterprise, an industry, really to be commended, yet for all that we have no pleasant smiles for the intruding book merchant, the importuning vender, who comes in with a mild, meek, invalid air; who takes us from the political situation in Egypt and leads us in the fathomless swirl of a ruptured idea; which demands your polite attention but seals the doom of your digestion; which flatters your literary vanity and makes you expose the utter paralysis of your exchequer. Ah, there is a limit to human forbearance.

Wm. Orbison, who formerly owned the Enterprise mine lately purchased at Sheriff's sale by Judge Orvis, has made a lease of coal lands immediately above Dunbar, and is having a siding located preparatory to shipping coal.

Mr. Striner, of this place, who has been suffering from a stroke of paralysis since last February, received an additional stroke last Thursday night. Friday morning he woke in a powerless condition, not even being able to speak.

DAN DE QUILLE.

Bitten by a Snake.

While Mr. J. W. Bean, who resides near Port Matilda, was engaged in salting hides in a building near his residence at an early hour on Saturday morning, he felt a sharp pain on the back of his right hand. He gave the injury no attention at the time, supposing that he had merely scratched his hand on a protruding nail or some other sharp object, as it was quite dark and he did not observe anything near him. But when the injured member began to swell in an alarming manner accompanied by other symptoms of a terrorizing nature, he became much concerned and consulted a doctor, who told him the pain was caused by the bite of a snake. We are happy to state that the medicines administered by the physician proved efficacious and at latest accounts he was improving, all the alarming symptoms of poison having disappeared.

—Mr. William Jones is now deeply interested in a Prostestant Episcopal memorial church, to be erected on the historic battlefield of Gettysburg, the stones for the construction of which will be given by surviving friends of those who fell in the battle or participants in that great struggle who have since died. Many of the stones will cost $20 a piece, the entire cost of the edifice reaching $100,000. Sir William has in his mind's eye a brave soldier whose memory he desires to perpetuate in stone as it is already indellibly fixed in the hearts and affections of his friends.

—Corn is developing very rapidly.

An August Wedding.

The "August" in the title refers, of course, to the month in which it occurred and not to anything that characterized the wedding ceremony in the Presbyterian church Thursday evening. Indeed, the ceremony was not stiff, stately or august in its preparation or performance, but characterized by all that beauty and taste which are the inherent qualities of the contracting parties.

The hour was 6½ o'clock. The commodious auditorium of the sacred edifice was filled with the beauty and talent of our town, who had been thronging thither for hours. Elaborate and tasteful floral decorations made the sacred altar a bower of beauty, and when the gentlemanly ushers had waived the audience to comfortable seats with their white gloved hands, the organ gave forth a wedding march under the skillful manipulation of Mrs. Nicolls, and for a second the assemblage waited in breathless suspense.

Miss Nellie Orbison, the bride, wore an elaborate white vail and orange blossoms over an equally beautiful white custume. The tall groom, Rev. Sylvester Beach, of Baltimore, was in conventional black. As the six brides-maids—the Misses Morris, of Philadelphia; Miss Beach, of Baltimore; Emma Valentine, Agnes Orbison and Bessie Sommerville—were all arrayed in pure white, the effect was simple and charming in the extreme. It seemed a triumphant and fitting culmination of the love which united two young hearts. The ushers were Messrs. Hal. Orbison, John Lyon, George L. Potter, Jr., and John Blanchard. Rev. Dr. Woodbridge, of New Jersey, officiated with dignity. He was assisted by Rev. William Laurie. A large number of friends followed the rejoicing bride and groom to the residence of the bride's mother, where elegant refreshments were provided. The evening train bore Mr. and Mrs. Sylvester Beach toward Niagara Falls to view the wonders of that remarkable natural formation. Other places of interest will attract their attention before journeying to Baltimore to make their future home, and to again take up life's duties in presiding over the affairs of a modest Presbyterian congregation of that city

—This is the style in which a responsible citizen of Boalsburg writes: "For the first time in many years a large number of Centre county Democrats will throw off their Democratic shackles, and will cast their ballots for General Beaver, a Republican and a man whom they know to be worthy of their trust. An elderly gentleman who has voted the Democratic ticket straight for the past thirty-five years told your correspondent that though he did not like to leave the Pattison ticket, yet he would vote for General Beaver because he had known him for many years and never knew anything discreditable of him. There are hundreds of just such men in the county. The lawyers in this county and Clearfield will do all in their power to help Beaver politically. The Democratic ones will have to work quietly, of course, but they will work for him. There are very few Republicans who will not vote for him, and these few will cut him on personal grounds only and not from any Independent feeling. In as extensive a law practice as Gen. Beaver has had it is perfectly natural that there should be some personal grudges against him. It is not at all probable that a criminal would be very enthusiastic over obtaining the election to the Governorship of the man to whom he owes his conviction."

Picnic of St. John's Roman Catholic Church.

Our friends of St. John's Roman Catholic church are ever alive to the demands of the times and have almost perfected arrangements to enjoy a day in the woods, or picnic, on Wednesday next, the 16th instant. Some time has elapsed, if we remember correctly, since they have held a picnic of the character proposed, but the memory of the rare old gatherings of years gone by still remain fragrant in the minds of those who were accustomed to attend. It will be held, as in former years, in Valentines' Grove, at the head of Spring street. An elegant dinner and an equally fine supper will be served, the former to cost 50 cents and the latter 25 cents. Exercises of an attractive and interesting character will be continued through the day and evening. A delightful time is anticipated. Please do not forget that the proceeds will be used to pay off the amount still due on the new church lot.

—The contract for the erection of an addition to the Harrisburg hospital has been awarded to Hoover, Hughes & Co., of Philipsburg, this county.

Personal Pencilings.

Mr. Charles Valentine is entertaining his friend, Mr. Whitmer.

Miss Ella Orbison, of Huntingdon, is a guest at the residence of General James A. Beaver.

Mr. Frank Mullen, of Reynoldsville, has been observed on the streets of Bellefonte recently.

Miss Bond, of Baltimore, is a guest at the residence of Robert Valentine, on Allegheny street.

Miss Millie Hall, of Beech Creek, is a guest at the residence of Mr. James McClure in this place.

Mr. Frank Montgomery arrived home Friday evening after a long and very enjoyable visit at Atlantic City and other places by the sea.

Miss Lide Schnell, of New York State and formerly of this place, is visiting in town at the residence of P. R. Hamilton, on Howard street.

Mrs. E. C. Humes, accompanied by her daughter, Miss Miley, arrived home Friday evening after a long and enjoyable residence at the sea shore.

Mr. Andrew Cook and family returned from Pine Glenn on Monday of last week. They have spent a large part of the summer at that pleasant retreat.

Aaron Williams, Esq., ex-Prothonotary, and Frank P. Bible, Esq., Recorder of this county, departed on Friday for Keating, where they will spend a short time.

Cyrus Woods, a member of the reportorial staff of the Harrisburg *Telegraph*, who has been visiting at his home in Boalsburg recently, returned to Harrisburg on Thursday.

Mr. Bond Valentine has descended from the dizzy heights of this mountainous region and gone down to the "level of the sea," making Ocean Grove his temporary abode.

Thursday's Williamsport *Sun and Banner* says: "Mrs. J. E. Dayton, who went to Bellefonte last week to see her sick friend, Mrs. R. Crittenden, returned to day, bringing her friend along."

Mr. Wilmer Malin, General manager of the Western Union telegraph office in this place, departed Friday evening for a week's visit among friends in Chester county. His place, while absent, will be filled by Mr. M. L. Lacy, of Lock Haven.

Mr. E. P. McCormick, one of Philipsburg's enterprising business men, called at our office on Monday. By reference to the 6th page it will be perceived that Mr. McCormick is now advertising for a wagon-maker who thoroughly understands the woodwork on wagons.

Mr. C. R. Gearheart, special agent of the Fidelity Association for Life Insurance, of Philadelphia, is in town, stopping at the Brockerhoff House. Mr. Gearhart is an old insurance man and is well known here. He represents a solid company.

Mrs. Dunmire, of Middlesex, a relative of Mr. S. H. Williams, of this place, arrived on Thursday accompanied by a daughter of Mr. Williams', who has been visiting Mrs. D. for several weeks. Mrs. Dunmire will remain in Bellefonte for some time.

Mr. and Mrs. John E. Colt, of Northumberland, who have been visiting at the residence of Dr. Thos. R. Hayes, in this place, left on Saturday. Miss Howell, of Middletown, Del., and Mrs. Dr. Kemble, of Mifflinburg, are also guests of Mrs. Dr. Hayes.

Mr. J. R. King, of Lafayette College has been visiting in town during the past few days, departing on Monday. He is an accomplished vocalist and can perform with much skill and power on the organ. His unexpected departure from town (being summoned away on business) was a disappointment to his numerous friends, who hoped to entertain him a much longer time.

MARRIED.

ZIMMERMAN—EDDY.—At the home of the bride in Milesburg, on Tuesday, August 8, by Rev. J. A. Woodcock, Mr. Calvin Zimmerman and Miss Alma F. Eddy, only daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Lyman T. Eddy, all of Milesburg, this county.

The Markets.

BELLEFONTE, August 14, 1882.

Wheat	$1 00
Rye per bushel	90
Corn, cob	90
Corn, shelled, old	90
Oats	50
Cloverseed	5 50@6 00
Flour, retail, per barrel	7 00
Flour, wholesale	6 00

HAY AND STRAW.

Hay, choice timothy, per ton	$10 00
Hay, mixed, per ton	6 00
Long rye straw, bundled, per ton	10 00
Short straw per ton	6 00@8 00

PLASTER.

Cayuga, ground, per ton	$ 7 00
Nova Scotia ground, per ton	9 00

Provision Market.

Corrected daily by Valentines & Co.

Apples, dried, per pound	6
Cherries, dried, per pound, seeded	12½
Beans per quart	10
Fresh butter per pound	20
Chickens per piece	20
Cheese per pound	15
Country hams per pound	16
Hams, sugar cured	18
Country Bacon	15
Lard per pound	15
Eggs per doz	20
Potatoes per bushel, new	60
Dried beef	22
Wilson's pressed beef per pound	20
Canned tomatoes per can	15
Lemons per doz	40
Dried sweet corn per pound	15